1	RMR-141 DISINFECTANT
2	HANDIFOAM WINDOW / DOOR
3	HANDIFOAM FIRE BLOCK
4	RMR - NEUTRALIZER CHLORINEODOR ELIMINATOR
5	US GREENFIBER SANCTUARY
6	HUNTSMAN ISOCYANATE COMPONENT A
7	FSB - IB IGNITION BARRIER
	FOAM - LOK FL2000 - ALL GRADES
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12	



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Date Issued: 5/1/2018

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: RMR-141 Concentrated Formula GENERAL USE: Disinfectant, Virucide, Fundicide

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION: Disinfectant

PRODUCT CODE:

RMR Solutions, LLC 301 Applan Way Suite 301 Brighton, MI 48116

E-Mall: info@rmrsolutions.com

Phone: 1-866-822-8744

24 HR. EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS

CHEM-TEL: (800) 255-39 24

ne: 1-000-022-0744 EPA REG. NO.: 61178-1-93443

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the substance or mixture

Skin Corr. 1C Eye Dam. 1 Acute Tox. 4 for:

Acute Tox. 4 (oral)





GHS05 GHS07 Corresion

SIGNAL WORD: DANGER HAZARD STATEMENTS

Skin Corr. 1C H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Eye Dam. 1 H318: Causes serious eye damage.

Acute Tox. 4 H302: Harmful if swallowed.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

P260 Do not breathe mist/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P303+P361+P353+P310 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Immediately call a poison center / doctor.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P305+P351+P358 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or a doctor/physician.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	Wt.%	CAS
n-Alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride (C12-C18)	2.37	68391-01-5
N-alkyl Dimethyl Ethyl Benzyl Ammonium Chloride (C12-C14)	2.37	68956-79-6

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES: Immediately flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes, while holding eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Seek medical attention immediately.

SKIN: Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if initation develops or persists.

INGESTION: Get immediate medical attention. Do not induce vomiting unless instructed to do so by poison center or physician.

INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air and monitor. Seek medical advise if initiation persists.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLAMMABLE CLASS: None

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS: Not Established

EXPLOSION HAZARDS: None

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Not Established

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SMALL SPILL: Avoid runoff into sterm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways.

LARGE SPILL: Avoid walking in material. Prevent product from entering into stream, soil, storm sewer or other bodies of water.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

WATER SPILL: Avoid discharges into open waterways.

LAND SPILL: Avoid discharge to soil.

AIR SPILL: NA = Not Applicable

GENERAL PROCEDURES: Isolate splil or leak area immediately. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, or confined areas. ABsorb withdry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

GENERAL PROCEDURES: Store containers away from children. Close container after use.

HANDLING: Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet facilities.

STORAGE: Store in area inaccessible to children.

STORAGE TEMPERATURE: Store at ambient temperatures.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

EYES AND FACE: Chemical splash googles, full face-shield.

SKIN: Rubber or other chemical resistant gloves. Rubber boots of used on floors. Chemical resistant outerwear (tyvek) if contact with spray or mist is anticipated.

RESPIRATORY: Where danger of mist contact may occur, wear NIOSH approved respiratory protection for mists.

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING: None Expected.

WORK HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash with soap and water after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke while using product.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE: Liquid ODOR: Mild, pleasant

COLOR: Clear pH: 11.5 to 12.5

FLASH POINT AND METHOD: NA = Not Applicable

FLAMMABLE LIMITS: NA = Not Applicable

VAPOR PRESSURE: 20 VAPOR DENSITY: ~ 1

BOILING POINT: 212° F; 100° C SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Complete

EVAPORATION RATE: ~ 1

DENSITY: 8.66

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 1.039 grams/ml.

VISCOSITY: Water thin.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABLE: Yes

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: No POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Oxidizing materials.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Not Established

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: Strong acids, oxidizers.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ACUTE

Chemical Name	ORAL LD ₅₀ (rat)	DERMAL LD ₈₀ (rabbit)
n-Alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride (C12-C18)	> 1890 mg/kg	> 2000 mg/kg
N-alkyl Dimethyl Ethyl Benzyl Ammonium Chloride (C12-C14)	> 500	> 2000

DERMAL LD₅₀: > 2000 mg/kg male and female rabbits.

ORAL LDso: > 1890 mg/kg Male and Female rats.

EYE EFFECTS: Corrosive to eyes. Permanent damage may occur.

SKIN EFFECTS: Severe skin Irritant. May cause burns to skin.

CARCINOGENICITY

IARC: None known.
OSHA: None known.

SENSITIZATION: Not Available

REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS: None known.

TARGET ORGANS: None known.

TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not Available

MUTAGENICITY: Not Available

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA: Not Available

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION: No known significant effects or critical hazards noted.

BIOACCUMULATION/ACCUMULATION: Not Available

AQUATIC TOXICITY (ACUTE): Not Established

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

DISPOSAL METHOD: Although not a hazardous waste, the discarding or disposal of this material should be done at a properly permitted facility in accordance with the regulations 40CFR 262, 263, 264, and 268. Additionally, the discarding or disposal of this material may be further regulated by state, regional, or local regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT (DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not regulated.

ROAD AND RAIL (ADR/RID)

PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Not regulated.

AIR (ICAO/IATA)

SHIPPING NAME: Not regulated.

VESSEL (IMO/IMDG)

SHIPPING NAME: Not regulated.

CANADA TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

SHIPPING NAME: Not regulated.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

UNITED STATES

SARATITLE III (SUPERFUND AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT)

311/312 HAZARD CATEGORIES: Health - Acute

REACTIVITY: Yes

313 REPORTABLE INGREDIENTS: No products were found.

302/304 EMERGENCY PLANNING

EMERGENCY PLAN: No products were found.

CERCLA (COMPREHENSIVE RESPONSE, COMPENSATION, AND LIABILITY ACT)

CERCLA REGULATORY: None

TSCA (TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT)

Chemical Name	CAS
n-Alkyl dimethyl benzyl ammonium chloride (C12-C18)	68391-01-5
N-alkyl Dimethyl Ethyl Benzyl Ammonium Chloride (C12-C14)	68956-79-6

TSCA REGULATORY: All ingedients are listed on the TSCA Chemical Inventory.

OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION (OSHA)

29 CFR1910.119—PROCESS SAFETY MANAGEMENT OF HIGHLY HAZARDOUS CHEMICALS: No products were found. CARCINOGEN: No products were found.

FIFRA (FEDERAL INSECTICIDE, FUNGICIDE, AND RODENTICIDE ACT): Regulated

16. OTHER INFORMATION

APPROVED BY: Chris Atkinson

TITLE: President

SANCTUARY°

by GREENFIBER®

SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT IDENTIFIER:

Cellulose Insulation

PRODUCT NAME:

SANCTUARY (INSSANC)

MANUFACTURER:

US Greenfiber

5500 77 Center Drive, Suite 100, Charlotte, NC 28217, USA

Emergency Telephone Number: 800-666-4824 (8 am - 5 pm EST Mon-Fri)

SECTION 2 - HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Classification According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Classification: While this material is not considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard, this SDS contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of the product this SDS should be retained

and available for employees and other user of this product.

Signal Word: No Signal Word

Hazard Statement: No known significant effects or critical hazards

Cellulose fiber is a combustible dust when not treated with fire retardant

Other Hazards:

Prevention: Obtain special instruction before use. Do not handle until all safety

Precautionary Statements: precautions have been read and understood.

Use personal protective equipment as required per section 8. Response: If exposed or concerned, get medical advice/attention. Disposal: Dispose of in accordance to local and state regulations.

SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION AND INGREDIENT INFORMATION

COMPONENT	CAS#	% BY WEIGHT	EXPOSURE LIMITS
Newsprint (Cellulose Fiber)	#65996-61-4	Up to 85%	See Section 8 for Occupational Exposure Limits
Boric Acid H3BO3	#10043-35-3	Not more than 15%	See Section 8 for Occupational Exposure Limits
Calcium Sulfate Dihydrate	#10101-41-4	Not more than 4%	See Section 8 for Occupational Exposure Limits
Amylopectin	#112899-91-0	Up to 2%	See Section 8 for Occupational Exposure Limits
Distillate Mineral Oil	#8042-47-5	Not more than 2%	See Section 8 for Occupational Exposure Limits

by GREENFIBER

SECTION 4 - F RST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary first aid measures:

- Eyes: For dust exposure, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical
 attention if irritation persists.
- Skin: If skin is exposed, wash with soap and large amounts of water. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.
- Inhalation: If irritation or difficulty in breathing occurs, remove to fresh air. Seek medical attention if condition persists.
- Ingestion: Symptoms may include diarrhea, nausea, and vomiting. Seek medical attention if material was ingested and symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms and effects both acute and delayed:

- Acute: Minor respiratory and eye irritant. Not a skin irritant unless skin is broken. Gloves should be worn
 in that situation.
- Chronic: None known

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

• **Note to Physicians:** Exposure to dust may aggravate symptoms of persons with pre-existing respiratory tract conditions and may cause skin and gastrointestinal symptoms.

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media:

Extinguishing Media: Water, dry chemical and other agents rated for a wood fire (Type A fire). Use Type A rated extinguisher.

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

None known

Special hazards arising from the chemical:

· Combustible: Material may decompose on contact with extreme temperatures and open flames.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters:

If possible, isolate the fire by moving other combustible materials. If the fire is small, use a hose-line or
extinguisher rated for a Type A fire. If possible, dike and collect water used to fight fires. Firefighters should wear
normal protective equipment (full bunker gear) and positive-pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment, and emergency procedures:

- For non-emergency personnel:
 - Eye goggles and gloves are not required for normal industrial exposures, but eye protection according to ANSI Z.87.1 or other national standard. Respirators should be considered if environment is excessively dusty.
- For emergency responders:
 - Eye goggles and gloves are not required for normal industrial exposures, but eye protection according to ANSI Z.87.1 or other national standard. Respirators should be considered if environment is excessively dusty.

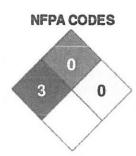
Environmental precautions:

Contains water-soluble inorganic mineral salts which may damage trees or vegetation exposed to large quantities.
At high concentrations, may damage localized vegetation, fish, and other aquatic life. This product is
a non-hazardous waste when spilled or disposed of as defined in the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
(RCRA) regulations (40 CFR 261).

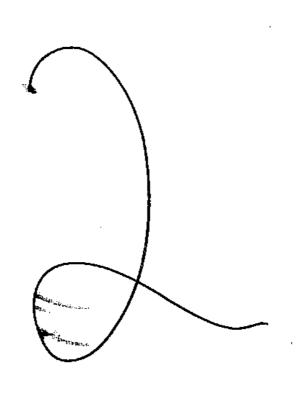
PREPARED BY: Stearns Packaging Corporation

HMIS RATING

-	HEALTH	3
	FLAMMABILITY	0
	PHYSICAL HAZARD	0
	PERSONAL PROTECTION	B



MANUFACTURER DISCLAIMER: This company cannot anticipate all conditions of handling and use of this product. Therefore, this company accepts no responsibility for results obtained by the application of this information, or the safety and suitability of the product either alone or in combination with other products. It is the responsibility of the employer and/or user to provide a safe workplace, using health and safety information contained herein as a guide. This company will accept no liability for damages or losses incurred from the improper handling and use of this product.



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SAFETY DATA SHEET

LOW PRESSURE POLYURETHANE FOAM SEALANTS (HC)



ECTION 1- PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Product Identifier

Product Name:

HandiFoam® HC Gun Foam, HandiFoam® HC Straw Foam, HandiFoam® Fireblock, HandiFoam® Fireblock

West, HandiFoam® Black, HandiFoam® Extreme, HandiFoam® Window & Door, HandiFoam® Window & Door

West and HandiFoam® Extreme Window & Door Polyurethane Foam Sealants

SDS ID Number

A16186

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

General Use

One Component Polyurethane Foam Sealant

Uses advised against

1.3 Details of the supplier and of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer

ICP Building Solutions Group

2775 Barber Road

Norton, Ohio 44203

In Ohio: 330-753-4585; 1-800-321-5585 (Monday-Friday 8:00am-5:00pm EST)

1.4 Emergency telephone numbers

In the U.S.A

CHEMTEL 1-800-255-3924

International Emergency

CHEMTEL 1-813-248-0585

SECTION 2- HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of substance or mixture

Product definition:

Mixture

Classification:

Flammable Aerosol- Category 1

Gases Under Pressure- Compressed Gas Acute Toxicity Inhalation- Category 4

Skin Imitation- Category 2

Serious Eye Imitation- Category 2A Respiratory Sensitizing- Category 1 Skin Sensitization - Category 1

Effects on or via lactation

Specific Target Organ Toxicity SE 3 Specific Target Organ Toxicity RE 2

2.2 Label elements

Hazard Symbols:



Signal Word:

DANGER

Hazard Statements:

H222- Extremely flammable aerosol

H280- Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

H315- Causes Skin Irritation

H317- May cause an allergic skin reaction H319- Causes Serious Eve Irritation

H332- Harmful if inhaled

H334- May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

H335- May cause respiratory irritation H362- May cause harm to breastfed children

H373- May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Prevention:

P102- Keep Out of Reach of Children

P202- Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood P210- Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces-No Smoking

P211- Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source

P251- Pressurized Container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use

P261- Avoid breathing vapors or fumes

P262- Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing

P264- Wash hands and other skin areas exposed to material thoroughly after handling

P271- Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280- Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection

LP PU FOAM SEALANT HC

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P285- In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection

Response: P302+P352+P333+P313 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Ga

medical attention

P304+P341 IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing

P305+P351+P338- IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do, Continue rinsing. P314- Get medical advice if you feel unwell.

P342+P311- If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P381- Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so

Storage: P403+P405- Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up.

P410- Protect from sunlight

P412- Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Disposal: P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international

regulations.

SECTION 3- COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

% by Weight	Ingredient	CAS No.
40-70	Urethane Pre-Polymer Blend (Non-Hazardous Polyol Blend)	Not available
10-30	Alkanes, C14, chloro	198840-65-2
5-10	4,4' Diphenylmethane diisocyanate (MDI)	101-68-8
5-10	Polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate (PMDI)	9016-87-9
3-7	Isobutane	75-28-5
3-7	Dimethyl ether	115-10-6
1-5	Propane	74-98-6

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to the health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

SECTION 4- FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye: Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyes open with fingers and

occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Use tukewarm water if possible. If present and easy to do so, remove contact

lenses, if imitation persists, get medical attention.

Skin: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of soap and water. Foam will stick to skin, gently wipe product from

skin with a damp cloth and wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing

before reuse. Call a physician if irritation persists.

Inhalation: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Obtain medical

attention

Ingestion: If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3 Notes to the physician

Symptoms may not appear immediately. If case of an accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show label or SDS if possible).

SECTION 5- FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable methods of extinction: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, foam, Halon 1211 and water spray or fog. Unsuitable methods of extinction: Do not use water jets and high-pressure water as these may spread the fire

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

at. Aerosol cans exposed to fire or high temperature can rupture and rocket. Cured foam will burn in the presence of heat, oxygen and an ignition source.

5.3 Advice to firefighters

Products of combustion: May include and are not limited to: oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen fluoride, and traces of hydrogen cyanide.

Keep upwind of fire. Wear full fire-fighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear) and respiratory protection (SCBA). Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode if heated.

SECTION 6- ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment recommended in Section 8. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Eliminate sources of ignition.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter sewers, drains, or waterways

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Method for containment: Uncured product is very sticky; carefully remove the bulk of the foam by scraping it up and then immediately remove the residue with a rag and solvent such as Handi-Cleaner, mineral spirits, acetone (nail polish remover), paint thinner, etc. Once the product is cured it can only be removed mechanically by scraping, buffing, etc. Use appropriate PPE.

Methods for cleaning up: Scoop up material and place in a disposal container. Dispose of as plastic waste in accordance with all applicable guidelines and regulations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas. Provide ventilation

6.4 Reference to other sections

For indications about waste treatment & disposal, see Section 13

See Section 7 for information about safe handling.

SECTION 7- HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from sources of ignition- No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: do not proce or burn, even after use. Container may explode if heated. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not swallow. Use only in a well-ventilated area or outdoors. Avoid welding or other "hot work" in the vicinity of exposed cured foam. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. (See section 8)

General hygiene advice: Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash hands before eating, drinking or smoking.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place. Ideal use temperature is 65°F to 80°F (18°C to 27°C). Do not expose aerosol cans to open flame or temperatures above 122°F (50°C). Excessive heat can cause premature aging of components resulting in a shorter shelf life. Storage below 55°F (12.7°C) may affect foam quality if chemicals are not warmed to room temperature before using. Protect containers from physical abuse. Keep containers upright. Keep away from children.

7.3 Other

NFPA 30B Manufacture and Storage of Aerosol Products- Aerosol Level II

SECTION 8- EXPOSURE CONTROLS/ PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control Parameters

CAS No.	Ingredient	OSHA-PEL TWA	ACGIH-TLV	NIOSH	CA AB OEL
	_				CA BC OEL
Į.	i				CA ON OEL
1					CA QC OEL
101-68-8	4,4'	0.02 PPM; 0.2	0.005 ppm; 0.051 mg/m ³	0.005 ppm; 0.050	AB- 0.05 mg/m ³ 0.005 ppm
1	Diphenylmethane	mg/m ³ Ceiting	(8 hours) TWA	mg/m ³ TWA 0.02	BC- 0.005 ppm TWA; 0.01 ppm C
	diisocyanate	-		ppm; 0.2 mg/m ³	ON- 0.005 ppm TWA 0.02 ppm C
			}	CEIL	QC- 0.051 mg/ m ^{3 0.005} ppm
					TWAEV
75-28-5	Isobutane		1,000 ppm TWA	800 ppm; 1,900	AB- 1,000 ppm TWA
				mg/m³ TWA	BC- 1,000 ppm TWA
				·	ON- 1,000 ppm TWA
115-10-6	Dimethyl ether	1,000 ppm			BC- 1,000 ppm TWA
	'	(Dupont AEL)			ON- 1,000 ppm TWA
74-98-6	Propane	1,000 ppm; 1,800	1,000 ppm; 1,800 mg/m ³	1,000 ppm; 1,800	AB-1,000 ppm TWA
1	'	mg/m³TWA	TWA	mg/m³ TWA	BC-1,000 ppm TWA
1		l		-	QC- 1,800 mg/m ³ 1,000 ppm
					TWAEV
ļ	1				

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8.2 Exposure Controls:

Engineering measures: Use ventilation adequate to keep exposures below recommended exposure limits.

Eyelface Protection: Wear protective safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

Hand Protection: Use chemically resistant gloves (i.e. Nitrile gloves). Nitrile/butadiene rubber, butyl rubber, polyethylene, PVC (vinyl), or neoprene gloves are also effective. Glove selection should consider potential body reactions to certain materials and manufacturer's instructions for use. Break through time of selected gloves must be greater than the intended use period.

Other Protective Equipment: Use clothing that protects against dermal exposure. Appropriate protective clothing varies depending on the potential for exposure. To ensure proper skin protection, wear PPE in such a manner that no skin is exposed.

Respiratory Protection: If atmospheric levels are expected to exceed the exposure levels, use a NIOSH approved air purifying respirator equipped with an organic vapor cartridge and particulate filter. If atmospheric levels exceed 10 times the TLV or PEL level for which an airpurifying respirator is effective, use a powered air purifying respirator (PAPR). The type of respiratory protection selected must comply with the requirements set forth in OSHA's Respiratory Protection Standard (29 CFR 1910.134).

Hygiene Measures: An eye wash station or portable eye wash station should be in the area. Wash hands thoroughly after use, before eating, drinking or using the lavatory. Employees/Users should be educated and trained in the safe use and handling of this product.

SECTION 9- Physical and chemical properties

General Physical Form	Viscous liquid which forms off-white to yellowish foam upon release.
Color	Crème, Some products contain a dye or colorant i.e. Fireblock is orange.
Odor	Slight hydrocarbon odor during curing stage
Odor Threshold:	No data available
Physical State:	Gas/Pressurized Liquid/Semi-Solid
pH:	No data available
Melting Point/Freezing Point	No data available
Initial Boiling Point and Boiling Range	No data available
Flash Point:	-156°F (-68.9°C), estimated based on liquefied petroleum gas (Hydrocarbon HC)
Evaporation Rate:	No data available
Flammability:	Flammable
Lower Flammability/Explosive Limit:	No data available
Upper Flammability/Explosive Limit:	No data available
Vapor Pressure	Aerosol product > 50 psig/ 345 kPa
	Final product (sprayed): Very low (not determined)
Vapor Density:	Not available
Relative Density/Specific Gravity:	~ 1.1 (Water = 1)
Solubility:	Insoluble; reacts slowly with water during cure, liberating traces of CO ₂
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	No data available
Auto-ignition Temperature:	No data available
Decomposition Temperature;	No data available
Viscosity:	No data available
Explosive Properties:	May be sensitive to mechanical impact or static discharge. Vapor released during and immediately after dispensing may accumulate and ignite explosively if proper ventilation is not employed. Extinguish or remove all sources of ignition during dispensing, until product become tack free or skins over.
Oxidizing Properties:	No data available
VOC Content (calculated minus exempt compounds and water)	165 g/l (Handi-Foam Fireblock West and Handi-Foam Window & Door West 160 g/l)

SECTION 10- STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2 Chemical Stability

Stable under normal storage conditions. Contents under pressure. Container may explode if heated. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid temperatures below 40°F (4°C). For longest shelf life, avoid storage above 100°F (38°C).

10.3 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Elevated temperatures can cause product to decompose, releasing carbon dioxide. Flammable propellant. Contents are under pressure and exposure to high temperature can cause containers to rupture or explode.

10.4 Conditions to Avoid

Heat. Incompatible materials. Sources of ignition. Avoid temperatures below 40°F (4°C) or temperatures above 100°F (38°C).

10.5 Incompatible Materials

Alcohols, strong bases, amines, metal compounds, ammonia, and strong oxidizers.

10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products

See Section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products due to combustion.

SECTION 11- TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

1.1 Information on Toxicological effects:

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Eye: May cause eye imitation

Skin: May cause skin initation. Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting and cracking of skin. May cause an allergic

reaction.

Inhalation: May be harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory imitation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if

inhaled

Ingestion: May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation: stomach distress, nausea, or vomiting.

Chronic: Chlorinated paraffin (C14-C16) may cause harm to breastfed children.

Acute Oral Toxicity

Expected to have low acute oral toxicity

Acute inhalation toxicity

Expected to have low acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity

Expected to have low acute dermal toxicity

Skin irritation

Causes skin imitation

Eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation

Sensitization

May cause skin and respiratory sensitization

Genotoxicity

Genetic toxicity data for MDI is inconclusive. Some in-vitro studies yielded positive results, while other test data was negative Mutagenicity

Test data using laboratory animals was predominately negative

pecific organ toxicity- single exposure

ay cause respiratory imitation

Specific organ toxicity-repeated exposure

May cause damage to the lungs, central nervous system and skin

Aspiration hazard

No data available

11.2 Delayed, Immediate, and Chronic Effects of Short- and Long-Term Exposure

MDI and PMDI: IARC Group 3 carcinogen- Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. Not listed as a carcinogen by ACGIH, OSHA or NTP. MDI/PMDI did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals; fetal effects occurred only at high doses which were toxic to the mother. Lung tumors have been observed in laboratory animals exposed to respirable aerosol droplets of MDI/PMDI (6mg/m3) for their lifetime. Tumors occurred concurrently with respiratory irritation and lung injury. Current exposure guidelines are expected to protect against these effects. Chlorinated paraffins (C14-C16) may accumulate in body tissues and fluids rich in lipid content; therefore, this material may cause harm to breastfed children.

SECTION 12- ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Ecotoxicity

The aquatic toxicity of this product has not been experimentally determined. However, it is expected to have low acute aquatic toxicity based on the acute aquatic toxicity of the individual components and their concentration in this mixture.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product is not readily biodegradable. In aquatic and terrestrial environments, this material reacts with water

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation potential is low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Expected to have low mobility based on product's reactivity with water

12.5 Other Adverse Effects

Propellant: Ozone Depletion Potential- 0; Global Warming Potential- 1

SECTION 13- DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

3.1 Waste Treatment Methods

Methods of disposal

Before disposing of containers, relieve container of any remaining foam and pressure. Allow dispensed product to fully cure before disposing. Never discard in a liquid state. This material must be disposed of in accordance with all local, regional, national, international regulations.

Other disposal recommendations:

Do not puncture or incinerate containers. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment.

SECTION 14- TRANSPORTATION

Shipping Information

Ground	Limited Quantity
Air	UN1950 Aerosols, Flammable 2.1 (Flammable Gas Label) LIMITED QUANTITY Packing Instructions (Cargo & Passenger) 203
Water	UN1950 Aerosols, Flammable 2.1 (Flammable Gas Label) LIMITED QUANTITY

SECTION 15- REGULATORY

15.1 Safety, health, and environmental regulations/ legislations specific for the substance or mixture U.S. Federal Regulations

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard: This material is classified as a hazardous in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910-1200 TSCA Status: All components of the mixture on the TSCA 8(b) inventory are designated "active".

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) All components of the mixture on the TSCA 8(b) inventory are designated "active".

US TSCA Section 5(a)(2) Proposed Significant New Use Rules (SNURs): Listed substance

Alkanes, C14, chloro (CAS 198840-65-2) 40 CFR 721.11073

US TSCA Section 5(e) PMN-Substance Consent Orders: Listed substance

Alkanes, C14, chloro (CAS 198840-65-2) P12283, P14683

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpart D)

Alkanes, C14, chloro (CAS 198840-65-2) 1.0 % containing products or more are subject to export notifications. Export notification requirements are per export per country as required under 40 C.F.R. §707.65(a)(2)(ii).

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA)

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Categories: Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard, Fire Hazard, Reactive Hazard, Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard

SARA 313 Information: MDI and PMDI are subject to reporting levels established by Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986.

SARA 302/304 Extremely Hazardous Substance: No components of the product exceed the threshold (de minimis) reporting levels established by these sections of the Title III of SARA.

SARA 302/304 Emergency Planning & Notification: No components of the product exceed the threshold (de minimis) report levels established by these sections of the Title III of SARA.

Comprehensive Response Compansation and Liability Act (CERCLA): This product contains the following CERCLA reportable substances: 4,4'- Diphenylmethane diisocyanate (CAS #101-68-8), RQ- 2,268 kg (5,000 lbs).

Clean Air Act (CAA) - 4,4'- Diphenylmethane diisocyanate (CAS #101-68-8) is listed as a Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP) designated in CAA Section 112 (b). This product does not contain any Class 1 or Class 2 Ozone depletors.

Clean Water Act (CWA) - 4,4'- Diphenylmethane diisocyanate (CAS #101-68-8) is listed as a Hazardous Substance under the CWA. None of the chemicals in these products are listed as Priority Pollutants under the CWA. None of the chemicals listed in these products are listed as Toxic Pollutants under the CWA.

U.S. State Regulations:

California Prop 65, Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986: None of the chemicals are listed. Other U.S. State Inventories:

4, 4'- Diphenylmethane diisocyanate (CAS #101-68-8) is listed on the following State Hazardous Substance Inventories, Right-to-Know lists and/or Air Quality/air Pollutants lists: CA, DE, ID, IL, ME, MA, MN, NJ, PA, WA, WI

Polyment MDI (CAS #9016-87-9) is listed on the following State Hazardous Substance Inventories, Right-to-Know lists and/or Air Quality/Air Pollutants lists: DE, NJ, MN

Isobutane (CAS #75-28-5) is listed on the following State Hazardous Substance Inventories, Right-to-Know lists and/or Air Quality/Air Pollutants lists: DE, ME, MA, MN, NJ, PA

Dimethyl ether (CAS #115-10-6) is listed on the following State Hazardous Substance Inventories, Right-to-Know lists and/or Air Quality/Air Pollutants lists: DE, ME, MA, MN, NJ, PA

Propane (CAS #74-98-6) is listed on the following State Hazardous Substance Inventories, Right-to-Know lists and/or Air Quality/Air

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Pollutants lists: DE, MA, MN, NJ, PA, WA





Flammable



Pressurized Container

Canada Controlled Product Regulations (CPR): This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulation, and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List (IDL): 4,4'- Diphenylmethane diisocyanate (CAS #101-68-8) is listed on the IDL.

Canadian National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI): MDI and PMDI are listed on the NPRI

Global Chemical Inventory Lists:

United States: Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)- Yes

Canada: Domestic Substances List (DSL)- Yes Canada: Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)- No

15.2 Chemical safety assessment: For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out

SECTION 16- OTHER









FPA: Health Hazard 2; Flammability 3; Reactivity 1
..MIS: Health Hazard 2; Flammability 3; Physical Hazard 1

Hazard Rating: 0=minimal, 1= slight, 2=moderate, 3=severe, 4= extreme

Legend:

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

C- Ceiling Limit

CA AB OEL- Alberta, Canada Occupational Exposure Limit

CA BC OEL- British Columbia, Canada Occupational Exposure Limit

CA ON OEL- Ontario, Canada Occupational Exposure Limit

CA QC OEL- Quebec, Canada Occupational Exposure Limit

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

DOT: US Department of Transportation

IATA: International Air Transport Association

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety

OSHA: Occupational Safety & Health STEL- Short Term exposure limit

TWA- Time weighted average

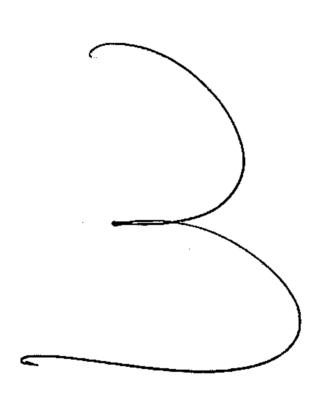
TWAEV- Time weighted average exposure value

WEEL- US workplace environmental exposure levels

The information and recommendations set forth herein are presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date hereof. The manufacturer makes no representations as to the completeness or accuracy thereof. Information is supplied upon the condition that the persons receiving it will make their own determination as to its suitability for their purposes prior to use. In no event will the manufacturer be responsible for damages of any nature whatsoever resulting from the use of or reliance upon information. No representations or warranties, either expressed or implied, of merchantability or fitness for a particular use are made hereunder with respect to this information or the product to which information refers.

Information contained herein is deemed to be reliable, conservative and accurate. ICP Building Solutions Group reserves the right to ange the design, specifications or any other features at any time and without notice, while otherwise maintaining regulatory compliance.

Revision-February 24, 2021 Version 2.8 (Replaces Version 2.7- September 12, 2018)



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SAFETY DATA SHEET

LOW PRESSURE POLYURETHANE FOAM SEALANTS (HC)



SECTION 1- PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

.. 1 Product Identifier

Product Name:

HandiFoam® HC Gun Foam, HandiFoam® HC Straw Foam, HandiFoam® Fireblock, HandiFoam® Fireblock

West, HandiFoam® Black, HandiFoam® Extreme, HandiFoam® Window & Door, HandiFoam® Window & Door

West and HandiFoam® Extreme Window & Door Polyurethane Foam Sealants

SDS ID Number

A16186

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

General Use

One Component Polyurethane Foam Sealant

Uses advised against

1.3 Details of the supplier and of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer

ICP Building Solutions Group

2775 Barber Road Norton, Ohio 44203

In Ohio: 330-753-4585; 1-800-321-5585 (Monday-Friday 8:00am-5:00pm EST)

1.4 Emergency telephone numbers

In the U.S.A

CHEMTEL 1-800-255-3924 CHEMTEL 1-813-248-0585

SECTION 2- HAZARDS !DENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of substance or mixture

Product definition:

International Emergency

Mixture

Classification:

Flammable Aerosol- Category 1

Gases Under Pressure- Compressed Gas Acute Toxicity Inhalation- Category 4

Skin Imitation- Category 2

Serious Eye Irritation- Category 2A Respiratory Sensitizing-Category 1 Skin Sensitization - Category 1

Effects on or via lactation

Specific Target Organ Toxicity SE 3 Specific Target Organ Toxicity RE 2

2.2 Label elements Hazard Symbols:



Signal Word:

DANGER

Hazard Statements:

H222- Extremely flammable aerosol

H280- Contains das under pressure; may explode if heated

H315- Causes Skin Irritation

H317- May cause an allergic skin reaction H319- Causes Serious Eve Initation

H332- Harmful if inhaled

H334- May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

H335- May cause respiratory irritation H362- May cause harm to breastfed children

H373- May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Prevention:

P102- Keep Out of Reach of Children

P202- Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood P210- Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces-No Smoking

P211- Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source P251- Pressurized Container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use

P261- Avoid breathing vapors or fumes

P262- Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing

P264- Wash hands and other skin areas exposed to material thoroughly after handling

P271- Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280- Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye protection

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P285- In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection

Response: P302+P352+P333+P313 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get

medical attention

P304+P341 IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing

P305+P351+P338- IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P314- Get medical advice if you feel unwell.

P342+P311- if experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor

P381- Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so

Storage: P403+P405- Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up.

P410- Protect from sunlight

P412- Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Disposal: P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable local/regional/national/international

regulations.

SECTION 3- COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

% by Weight	Ingredient	CAS No.
40-70	Urethane Pre-Polymer Blend (Non-Hazardous Polyol Blend)	Not available
10-30	Alkanes, C14, chloro	198840-65-2
5-10	4,4' Diphenylmethane diisocyanate (MDI)	101-68-8
5-10	Polymethylene polyphenyl isocyanate (PMDI)	9016-87-9
3-7	Isobutane	75-28-5
3-7	Dimethyl ether	115-10-6
1-5	Propane	74-98-6

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to the health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

SECTION 4- FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye: Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyes open with fingers and

occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Use lukewarm water if possible. If present and easy to do so, remove contact

lenses, If imitation persists, get medical attention.

Skin: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of soap and water. Foam will stick to skin, gently wipe product from skin with a damp cloth and wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing

before reuse. Call a physician if imitation persists.

Inhalation: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Obtain medical

attention.

Ingestion: If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

4.3 Notes to the physician

Symptoms may not appear immediately. If case of an accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show label or SDS if possible).

SECTION 5- FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable methods of extinction: Use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, foam, Halon 1211 and water spray or fog. Unsuitable methods of extinction: Do not use water jets and high-pressure water as these may spread the fire

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Contains flammable propellant. Eliminate all ignition sources. Containers may explode due to buildup of pressure when exposed to extreme at. Aerosol cans exposed to fire or high temperature can rupture and rocket. Cured foam will burn in the presence of heat, oxygen and an ignition source.

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5.3 Advice to firefighters

Products of combustion: May include and are not limited to: oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen fluoride, and traces of hydrogen cyanide,

Keep upwind of fire. Wear full fire-fighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear) and respiratory protection (SCBA). Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Containers may explode if heated.

SECTION 6- ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment recommended in Section 8. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Eliminate sources of ignition,

6.2 Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter sewers, drains, or waterways

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Method for containment: Uncured product is very sticky; carefully remove the bulk of the foam by scraping it up and then immediately remove the residue with a rag and solvent such as Handi-Cleaner, mineral spirits, acetone (nail polish remover), paint thinner, etc. Once the product is cured it can only be removed mechanically by scraping, buffing, etc. Use appropriate PPE.

Methods for cleaning up: Scoop up material and place in a disposal container. Dispose of as plastic waste in accordance with all applicable guidelines and regulations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas. Provide ventilation

6.4 Reference to other sections

For indications about waste treatment & disposal, see Section 13

See Section 7 for information about safe handling,

SECTION 7- HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Leep away from sources of ignition- No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container, do not breathe out-from or burn, even after use. Container may explode if heated. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do not swallow. Use only in a well-ventilated area or outdoors. Avoid welding or other "hot work" in the vicinity of exposed cured foam. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. (See section 8)

General hygiene advice: Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash hands before eating, drinking or smoking.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Store in a dry place. Ideal use temperature is 65°F to 80°F (18°C to 27°C). Do not expose aerosol cans to open flame or temperatures above 122°F (50°C). Excessive heat can cause premature aging of components resulting in a shorter shelf life. Storage below 55°F (12.7°C) may affect foam quality if chemicals are not warmed to room temperature before using. Protect containers from physical abuse. Keep containers upright. Keep away from children.

7.3 Other

NFPA 30B Manufacture and Storage of Aerosol Products- Aerosol Level II

SECTION 8- EXPOSURE CONTROLS/ PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control Parameters

CAS No.	Ingredient	OSHA-PEL TWA	ACGIH-TLV	NIOSH	CA AB OEL CA BC OEL
	ļ				CA ON OEL CA QC OEL
101 -6 8-8	4,4' Diphenylmethane diisocyanate	0.02 PPM; 0.2 mg/m³ Ceiling	0.005 ppm; 0.051 mg/m ³ (8 hours) TWA	0.005 ppm; 0.050 mg/m³ TWA 0.02 ppm; 0.2 mg/m³ CEiL	AB- 0.05 mg/m³ 0.005 ppm BC- 0.005 ppm TWA; 0.01 ppm C ON- 0.005 ppm TWA 0.02 ppm C QC- 0.051 mg/ m³ 0.005 ppm TWAEV
75-28-5	Isobutane		1,000 ppm TWA	800 ppm; 1,900 mg/m³ TWA	AB- 1,000 ppm TWA BC- 1,000 ppm TWA ON- 1,000 ppm TWA
115-10-6	Dimethyl ether	1,000 ppm (Dupont AEL)			BC- 1,000 ppm TWA ON- 1,000 ppm TWA
74-98-6	Propane	1,000 ppm; 1,800 mg/m³ TW/A	1,000 ppm; 1,800 mg/m ³ TWA	1,000 ppm; 1,800 mg/m³ TWA	AB-1,000 ppm TWA BC-1,000 ppm TWA QC- 1,800 mg/m ³ 1,000 ppm TWAEV

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8.2 Exposure Controls:

Engineering measures: Use ventilation adequate to keep exposures below recommended exposure limits.

Eyefface Protection: Wear protective safety glasses with side shields or goggles.

Hand Protection: Use chemically resistant gloves (i.e. Nitrile gloves). Nitrile/butadiene rubber, butyl rubber, polyethylene, PVC (vinyl), or neoprene gloves are also effective. Glove selection should consider potential body reactions to certain materials and manufacturer's instructions for use. Break through time of selected gloves must be greater than the intended use period.

Other Protective Equipment: Use clothing that protects against dermal exposure. Appropriate protective clothing varies depending on the potential for exposure. To ensure proper skin protection, wear PPE in such a manner that no skin is exposed.

Respiratory Protection: If atmospheric levels are expected to exceed the exposure levels, use a NIOSH approved air purifying respirator equipped with an organic vapor cartridge and particulate filter. If atmospheric levels exceed 10 times the TLV or PEL level for which an airpurifying respirator is effective, use a powered air purifying respirator (PAPR). The type of respiratory protection selected must comply with the requirements set forth in OSHA's Respiratory Protection Standard (29 CFR 1910.134).

Hygiene Measures: An eye wash station or portable eye wash station should be in the area. Wash hands thoroughly after use, before eating, drinking or using the lavatory. Employees/Users should be educated and trained in the safe use and handling of this product.

SECTION 9- Physical and chemical properties

General Physical Form	Viscous liquid which forms off-white to yellowish foam upon release.
Color	Crème. Some products contain a dye or colorant i.e. Fireblock is orange.
Odor	Slight hydrocarbon odor during curing stage
Odor Threshold:	No data available
Physical State:	Gas/Pressurized Liquid/Semi-Solid
pH:	No data available
Melting Point/Freezing Point	No data available
Initial Boiling Point and Boiling Range	No data available
Flash Point:	-156'F (-68.9°C), estimated based on liquefied petroleum gas (Hydrocarbon HC)
Evaporation Rate:	No data available
Flammability:	Flammable
Lower Flammability/Explosive Limit:	No data available
Upper Flammability/Explosive Limit:	No data available
Vapor Pressure	Aerosol product > 50 psig/ 345 kPa
	Final product (sprayed): Very low (not determined)
Vapor Density:	Not available
Relative Density/Specific Gravity:	~ 1.1 (Water = 1)
Solubility:	Insoluble; reacts slowly with water during cure, liberating traces of CO ₂
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water.	No data available
Auto-ignition Temperature:	No data available
Decomposition Temperature;	No data available
Viscosity:	No data available
Explosive Properties:	May be sensitive to mechanical impact or static discharge. Vapor released during and immediately after dispensing may accumulate and ignite explosively if proper ventilation is not employed. Extinguish or remove all sources of ignition during dispensing, until product becomes tack free or skins over.
Oxidizing Properties:	No data available
VOC Content (calculated minus exempt compounds and water)	165 g/l (Handi-Foam Fireblock West and Handi-Foam Window & Door West 160 g/l)

SECTION 10- STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2 Chemical Stability

Stable under normal storage conditions. Contents under pressure. Container may explode if heated. Do not pierce or burn, even after use, Avoid temperatures below 40°F (4°C). For longest shelf life, avoid storage above 100°F (38°C).

10.3 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Elevated temperatures can cause product to decompose, releasing carbon dioxide. Flammable propellant. Contents are under pressure and exposure to high temperature can cause containers to rupture or explode.

10.4 Conditions to Avoid

Heat. Incompatible materials. Sources of ignition. Avoid temperatures below 40°F (4°C) or temperatures above 100°F (38°C).

10.5 Incompatible Materials

Alcohols, strong bases, amines, metal compounds, arrimonia, and strong oxidizers.

10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products

See Section 5.2 for hazardous decomposition products due to combustion.

SECTION 11- TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

1.1 Information on Toxicological effects:

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure based on test data and/or information on the components, this material may produce the following health effects:

Eye: May cause eye imitation

Skin: May cause skin imitation. Symptoms may include redness, edema, drying, defatting and cracking of skin. May cause an altergic

reaction.

Inhalation: May be harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if

inhaled.

Ingestion: May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation; stomach distress, nausea, or vorniting.

Chronic: Chlorinated paraffin (C14-C16) may cause harm to breastfed children.

Acute Oral Toxicity

Expected to have low acute oral toxicity

Acute inhalation toxicity

Expected to have low acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity

Expected to have low acute dermal toxicity

Skin irritation

Causes skin irritation

Eve irritation

Causes serious eye irritation

Sensitization

May cause skin and respiratory sensitization

Genotoxicity

Genetic toxicity data for MDI is inconclusive. Some in-vitro studies yielded positive results, while other test data was negative

Mutagenicity

Test data using laboratory animals was predominately negative

ecific organ toxicity- single exposure

ay cause respiratory imitation

Specific organ toxicity- repeated exposure

May cause damage to the lungs, central nervous system and skin

Aspiration hazard

No data available

11.2 Delayed, Immediate, and Chronic Effects of Short- and Long-Term Exposure

MDI and PMDI: IARC Group 3 carcinogen- Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans. Not listed as a carcinogen by ACGIH, OSHA or NTP. MDI/PMDI did not cause birth defects in laboratory animals; fetal effects occurred only at high doses which were toxic to the mother. Lung tumors have been observed in laboratory animals exposed to respirable aerosol droplets of MDI/PMDI (6mg/m³) for their lifetime. Tumors occurred concurrently with respiratory irritation and lung injury. Current exposure guidelines are expected to protect against these effects. Chlorinated paraffins (C14-C16) may accumulate in body tissues and fluids rich in lipid content; therefore, this material may cause harm to breastfed children.

SECTION 12- ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Ecotoxicity

The aquatic toxicity of this product has not been experimentally determined. However, it is expected to have low acute aquatic toxicity based on the acute aquatic toxicity of the individual components and their concentration in this mixture.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product is not readily biodegradable. In aquatic and terrestrial environments, this material reacts with water

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation potential is low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Expected to have low mobility based on product's reactivity with water

12.5 Other Adverse Effects

Propellant: Ozone Depletion Potential- 0; Global Warming Potential- 1

SECTION 13- DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

3.1 Waste Treatment Methods

Methods of disposal

Before disposing of containers, relieve container of any remaining foam and pressure. Allow dispensed product to fully cure before disposing. Never discard in a liquid state. This material must be disposed of in accordance with all local, regional, national, international regulations.

Other disposal recommendations:

Do not puncture or incinerate containers. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment.

SECTION 14- TRANSPORTATION

Shipping Information

Ground	Limited Quantity
Air	UN1950 Aerosols, Flammable 2.1 (Flammable Gas Label) LIMITED QUANTITY Packing Instructions (Cargo & Passenger) 203
Water	UN1950 Aerosols, Flammable 2.1 (Flammable Gas Label) LIMITED QUANTITY

SECTION 15- REGULATORY

15.1 Safety, health, and environmental regulations/ legislations specific for the substance or mixture U.S. Federal Regulations

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard: This material is classified as a hazardous in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910-1200 TSCA Status: All components of the mixture on the TSCA 8(b) inventory are designated "active".

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) All components of the mixture on the TSCA 8(b) inventory are designated "active".

US TSCA Section 5(a)(2) Proposed Significant New Use Rules (SNURs): Listed substance

Alkanes, C14, chloro (CAS 198840-65-2) 40 CFR 721.11073

US TSCA Section 5(e) PMN-Substance Consent Orders: Listed substance

Alkanes, C14, chloro (CAS 198840-65-2) P12283, P14683

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpart D)

Alkanes, C14, chloro (CAS 198840-65-2) 1.0 % containing products or more are subject to export notifications. Export notification requirements are per export per country as required under 40 C.F.R. §707.65(a)(2)(ii).

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA)

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Categories: Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard, Fire Hazard, Reactive Hazard, Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard

SARA 313 Information: MDI and PMDI are subject to reporting levels established by Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986.

SARA 302/304 Extremely Hazardous Substance: No components of the product exceed the threshold (de minimis) reporting levels established by these sections of the Title III of SARA.

SARA 302/304 Emergency Planning & Notification: No components of the product exceed the threshold (de minimis) report levels established by these sections of the Title III of SARA.

Comprehensive Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA): This product contains the following CERCLA reportable substances: 4,4'- Diphenylmethane diisocyanate (CAS #101-68-8), RQ- 2,268 kg (5,000 lbs).

Clean Air Act (CAA) - 4,4'- Diphenylmethane diisocyanate (CAS #101-68-8) is listed as a Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP) designated in CAA Section 112 (b). This product does not contain any Class 1 or Class 2 Ozone depletors.

Clean Water Act (CWA) - 4,4'- Diphenylmethane diisocyanate (CAS #101-68-8) is listed as a Hazardous Substance under the CWA. None of the chemicals in these products are listed as Priority Pollutants under the CWA. None of the chemicals listed in these products are listed as Toxic Pollutants under the CWA.

U.S. State Regulations:

California Prop 65, Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986: None of the chemicals are listed. Other U.S. State Inventories:

4, 4'- Diphenylmethane diisocyanate (CAS #101-68-8) is listed on the following State Hazardous Substance Inventories, Right-to-Know lists and/or Air Quality/air Pollutants lists: CA, DE, ID, IL, ME, MA, MN, NJ, PA, WI

Polymeric MDI (CAS #9016-87-9) is listed on the following State Hazardous Substance Inventories, Right-to-Know lists and/or Air Quality/Air Pollutants lists: DE, NJ, MN

Isobutane (CAS #75-28-5) is listed on the following State Hazardous Substance Inventories, Right-to-Know lists and/or Air Quality/Air Pollutants lists: DE, ME, MA, MN, NJ, PA

Dimethyl ether (CAS #115-10-6) is listed on the following State Hazardous Substance Inventories, Right-to-Know lists and/or Air Quality/Air Pollutants lists: DE, ME, MA, MN, NJ, PA

Propane (CAS #74-98-6) is listed on the following State Hazardous Substance Inventories, Right-to-Know lists and/or Air Quality/Air

Pollutants lists: DE, MA, MN, NJ, PA, WA



Consumer Chemicals & Containers Regulation Hazard Symbols:



Flammable



Pressurized Container

Canada Controlled Product Regulations (CPR): This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulation, and the SDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

Canadian Ingredient Disclosure List (IDL): 4,4'- Diphenylmethane diisocyanate (CAS #101-68-8) is listed on the IDL.

Canadian National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI): MDI and PMDI are listed on the NPRI

Global Chemical Inventory Lists:

United States: Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA)- Yes

Canada: Domestic Substances List (DSL)- Yes Canada: Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)- No

15.2 Chemical safety assessment: For this product a chemical safety assessment was not carried out

SECTION 16- OTHER









PA: Health Hazard 2; Flammability 3; Reactivity 1

..MIS: Health Hazard 2; Flammability 3; Physical Hazard 1

Hazard Rating: 0=minimal, 1= slight, 2=moderate, 3=severe, 4= extreme

Legend:

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

C- Ceiling Limit

CA AB OEL- Alberta, Canada Occupational Exposure Limit

CA BC OEL- British Columbia, Canada Occupational Exposure Limit

CA ON OEL- Ontario, Canada Occupational Exposure Limit CA QC OEL- Quebec, Canada Occupational Exposure Limit

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

DOT: US Department of Transportation

IATA: International Air Transport Association

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety

OSHA: Occupational Safety & Health STEL- Short Term exposure limit TWA- Time weighted average

TWAEV- Time weighted average exposure value

WEEL- US workplace environmental exposure levels

The information and recommendations set forth herein are presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date hereof. The manufacturer makes no representations as to the completeness or accuracy thereof. Information is supplied upon the condition that the persons receiving it will make their own determination as to its suitability for their purposes prior to use. In no event will the manufacturer be responsible for damages of any nature whatsoever resulting from the use of or reliance upon information. No representations or warranties, either expressed or implied, of merchantability or fitness for a particular use are made hereunder with respect to this information or the product to which information refers.

Information contained herein is deemed to be reliable, conservative and accurate. ICP Building Solutions Group reserves the right to ange the design, specifications or any other features at any time and without notice, while otherwise maintaining regulatory compliance.

Revision-February 24, 2021 Version 2.8 (Replaces Version 2.7- September 12, 2018)

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Safety Data Sheet

Issue Date: 07-Jan-2021 Revision Date: 07-Jan-2021 Version 1

1. IDENTIFICATION

<u>Product identifier</u>

Product Name RMR-Neutralizer Chlorine Odor Eliminator

Other means of identification

SDS# RMR-002

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Eliminates odors and furnes associated with chlorine based products.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Address RMR Solutions 301 Appian Way Brighton, MI 48116 Ph: 866-822-8744

Fax: 810-227-5595 Website: rmrsolutions.com

Emergency telephone number

Emergency Telephone Chemtel 800-255-3924

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance Crystals

Physical state Solid

Odor According to product specification

Classification

This chemical does not meet the hazardous criteria set forth by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). However, this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) contains valuable information critical to the safe handling and proper use of this product. This SDS should be retained and available for employees and other users of this product.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical name	CAS No	Weight-%
Sodium Thlosulfate Pentahydrate	10102-17-7	100

^{**}If Chemical Name/CAS No is "proprietary" and/or Weight-% is listed as a range, the specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.**

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General Advice Provide this SDS to medical personnel for treatment.

Eye Contact Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids.

Consult a physician.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation

Remove to fresh air.

Ingestion

Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms

See Section 11: Toxicological Information of this SDS for more detailed symptoms.

Revision Date: 07-Jan-2021

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Not determined.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical

Not determined.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions

Use personal protective equipment as required.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for Containment

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Methods for Clean-Up

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on Safe Handling

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.

Incompatible Materials

None known based on information supplied.

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8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Guidelines This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with occupational

exposure limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

Revision Date: 07-Jan-2021

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits,

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/Face Protection Refer to 29 CFR 1910.133 for eye and face protection regulations.

Skin and Body Protection Refer to 29 CFR 1910.138 for appropriate skin and body protection.

Respiratory Protection Refer to 29 CFR 1910.134 for respiratory protection requirements.

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Solid

Appearance Crystals Odor According to product specification

Color According to product specification Odor Threshold Not determined

Property Values Remarks • Method

pH Not determined
Melting point / freezing point
Boiling point / boiling range Not determined
Flash point Not determined
Evaporation Rate Not determined
Flammability (Solid, Gas) Not determined
Flammability Limit in Air

Upper flammability or explosive Not determined

limits

Lower flammability or explosive Not determined

limits

Vapor Pressure Not determined Vapor Density Not determined **Relative Density** Not determined Water Solubility Not determined Solubility in other solvents Not determined Not determined **Partition Coefficient** Autoignition temperature Not determined Decomposition temperature Not determined Kinematic viscosity Not determined Not determined **Dynamic Viscosity** Not determined **Explosive Properties Oxidizing Properties** Not determined

10, STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions.

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Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

- Land: Shovel, sweep, or vacuum product. Place in disposal container. Avoid bodies of water.
- Water: Large quantities may cause localized contamination of surrounding waters depending on the quantity spilled.

Reference to other sections:

· Refer to regulatory information in Section 15 for additional information regarding EPA and California regulations.

SECTION 7 - FANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling:

• **General:** No special handling is required. Storage of sealed bags in a dry, indoor location is recommended. To maintain product integrity, handle on a "first-in-first-out" basis. Use good housekeeping and engineering controls so that dust levels are below the exposure limits listed in Section 3.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Storage Temperature: Ambient
 Storage Pressure: Atmospheric
 Special Sensitivity: None

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

This product is listed/regulated by OSHA and Cal/OSHA as "Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated" or "Nuisance Dust." This product is list by ACGIH as "Particulates Not Otherwise Specified."

COMPONENT/CAS #	EXPOSURE LIMITS		
Newsprint	OSHA PEL-TWA=15mg/m³ total dust (PNOR)		
(Cellulose Fiber)	PNOR - Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated or Nuisance Dust		
#65996-61-4	OSHA PEL-TWA=5mg/m³ respirable fraction (PNOR)		
	Cal OSHA PEL=10mg/m ³ total dust (PNOR)		
	ACGIH TLV-TWA=10mg/m ³ inhalable (PNOS)		
	PNOS – Particulates Not Otherwise Specified		
	ACGIH TLV-TWA=3mg/m ³ respirable (PNOS)		
Boric Acid	OSHA PEL-TWA=15mg/m³ total dust (PNOR)		
H ₃ BO ₃			
#10043-35-3	Cal OSHA PEL=5mg/m ³		
	ACGIH TLV-TWA=2mg/m ³		
	ACGIH TLV-STEL=6mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction – Borate Compounds, inorganic)		
Calcium Sulphate Dihydrate	OSHA PEL-TWA=15mg/m³ total dust (PNOR)		
#10101-41-4	ACGIH TLV-TWA=10mg/m ³ inhalable (PNOS)		
Amylopectin	OSHA PEL-TWA=15mg/m³ total dust (PNOR)		
#113894-91-0	OSHA PEL TWA=5mg/m³ respirable fraction (PNOR)		
Distillate Mineral Oil #8042-47-5	None (Oil mist exposure not applicable in finished product)		

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Appropriate engineering controls:

- General Exposure Controls: No specific controls are needed. Use standard good housekeeping practices and engineering controls to minimize nuisance levels.
- Ventilation: Normal and adequate ventilation.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment:

- Respiratory Protection: If housekeeping and engineering controls do not maintain nuisance levels below regulatory limits or dust concentration is unknown, use a NIOSH-approved mask.
- Eye Protection: Wear ANSI Z.87.1 approved eye protection if environment is excessively dusty.
- Hand Protection: If skin is broken or sensitive, use gloves.
- · Other Protective Clothing: If skin is broken or sensitive, cover with appropriate clothing.
- Work/Hygienic Practices: Standard hygienic practices.

SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

- Appearance: Gray/Brown
- Odor: Odorless
- · Odor Threshold: N/A
- pH: <8.2 (2% suspension @ 25° C)
- Melting Point/Freezing Point: N/A
- Initial Boiling Point and Boiling Range: N/A
- Flash Point: N/A
- Evaporation Rate: N/A
- Flammability (solid, gas): N/A

- Upper/Lower Flammability or Explosive Limits: N/A
 - Vapor Pressure: Negligible @ 20° C
- Vapor Density: N/A
- Relative Density: 9 LB/FT³ compressed
- · Solubility(ies): Not Soluble
- Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water: N/A
- Auto-Ignition Temperature: N/A
- Decomposition temperature: Unknown
- Viscosity: N/A

SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- · Reactivity: None Known
- Chemical Stability: Stable
- Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
- Conditions to Avoid (e.g., static discharge, shock, or vibration): Reaction with strong reducing agents such as
 metal hydrides or alkali metals will generate hydrogen gas which could create an explosive hazard. Keep away
 from strong oxidizers, such as concentrated nitric acid, hydrogen peroxide, and chlorine.
- · Incompatible Materials: None known
- Hazardous Decomposition Products: None known

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SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information: No toxicological data is available for the product. Toxicological information for components of this product is listed below.

Information on the likely routes of exposure (inhalation, ingestion, skin and eye contact):

NEWSPRINT (Cellulose Fiber)

- Eye Irritation: None reported
- · Skin Irritation: None reported
- · Acute Oral Toxicity: None reported
- Acute Inhalation Toxicity: LC50, rat, =5,800 mg/m³/4 hours
- · Sub Chronic: None reported

- Chronic: None reportedTeratology: None reported
- Reproduction: None reported
- Germ Cell Mutagenicity: None reported
- Carcinogenicity: None reported

BORIC ACID:

- Eye Irritation: Not irritating, corneal involvement or irritation clearing in 7 days. Classification: Based on mean scores < 1, and the effects were fully reversible within 7 days, the classification criteria are not met. Many years of occupational exposure indicate no adverse effects on human eye.
- Skin Irritation: Minor skin irritant Based on exposure of 72hrs/15mg. Based on the available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Acute Oral Toxicity: Low acute oral toxicity. The oral LD₅₀ value in male rats is 3,450 mg/kg bw, and in female rats is 4080 mg/kg bw.
- Acute Inhalation Toxicity: Low acute inhalation toxicity; LC₅₀ in rats is > 2.0 mg/l (or g/m³). Based on the available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Acute Dermal Toxicity: Low acute dermal toxicity; LD₅₀ in rabbits is > 2,000 mg/kg of body weight.
 Poorly absorbed through intact skin. Based on the available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Reproduction: Borate-treated cellulose insulation contains boric acid and cellulose fiber. Borate-treated cellulose insulation was tested for purposes of hazard classification under the Occupational Safety and Health Administration's 2012 Hazard Communication Standard. In a study conducted under OECD Guideline 414, there were no developmental effects in rats exposed to up to 270 mg/m3 (the highest exposure tested). In workers Chronically exposed to high levels of borates for several years by way of inhalation, food, and drinking water, there was a clear absence of any reproductive effects.
- . Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not mutagenic. Based on the available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Carcinogenicity: No evidence of carcinogenicity. Based on the available data, the classification criteria
 are not met.

AMYLOPECTIN

- Eye Irritation: None reportedSkin Irritation: None reported
- · Acute Oral Toxicity: None reported
- Addit Oral Toxidity. None reported
- Acute Inhalation Toxicity: None reported
- Sub Chronic: None available
- · Chronic: None available
- Teratology: None available
- Reproduction: None available
- Germ Cell Mutagenicity: None available
- Carcinogenicity: None available

CALCIUM SULPHATE DIHYDRATE

- Eye Irritation: None available
- · Skin Irritation: None available
- Acute Oral Toxicity: None available
- Acute Inhalation Toxicity: None available
- · Sub Chronic: None available
- Chronic: None Available
- · Teratology: None available
- Reproduction: None available
- Germ Cell Mutagenicity: None available
- Carcinogenicity: None available

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DISTILLATE MINERAL OIL

· Eye Irritation: None reported

Skin Irritation: LD50, Dermal, rabit, >2000 mg/kg, conclusion/summary – not available

Acute Oral Toxicity: LD50, Oral, rat >5000 mg/kg, conclusion/summary – not available

Acute Inhalation Toxicity: LC50 Inhalation dusts/mists, rat, >5280 mg/m³, conclusion/summary

- not available

Sub Chronic: None available

· Chronic: None available

Teratology: None available

Reproduction: None available

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: None Available

· Carcinogenicity: None available

Symptoms related to the physical, and chemical and toxicological characteristics:

Products are not intended for ingestion. Small amounts (e.g. a teaspoonful) swallowed accidentally are not likely
to cause effects. Symptoms of accidental over-exposure to high doses of inorganic borate salts have been
associated with ingestion or absorption through large areas of severely damaged skin. These may include
nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea, with delayed effects of skin redness and peeling.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure:

Human epidemiological studies show no increase in pulmonary disease in occupational populations with chronic
exposures to boric acid and sodium borate dust. Human epidemiological studies indicate no effect on fertility in
occupational populations with chronic exposures to borate dust and indicate no effect to a general population
with high exposures to borates in the environment.

Numerical measures of toxicity (such as acute toxicity):

None. This product is a mixture.

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:

NEWSPRINT (Cellulose Fiber)

- Ecotoxicity: Biodegrades slowly in water (half-life range 1 month 1 year in freshwater and coastal seawater)
- Persistence and Degradability: Not available
- Bioaccumulative Potential: Not available
- Mobility in Soil: Not available
- Other Adverse Effects (such as hazardous to the ozone layer): None known

BORIC ACID

- Ecotoxicity: Based on the acute data for freshwater species, boric acid is not classified as hazardous to the
 environment.
- Persistence and Degradability: Biodegradation is not an applicable endpoint since boric acid is an inorganic substance.
- Bioaccumulative Potential: This product will undergo hydrolysis in water to form undissociated boric acid. Boric acid will not biomagnify through the food chain. Octanol/Water partition coefficient: Log P_{ow} = -0.7570 @ 25°C
- Mobility in Soil: Boric acid is soluble in water and is leachable through normal soil. Adsorption to soils or sediments is insignificant.
- Other Adverse Effects (such as hazardous to the ozone layer): None known

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AMYLOPECTIN

- Ecotoxicity: Not available
- Persistence and Degradability: Not available
- · Bioaccumulative Potential: Not available
- Mobility in Soil: Not available
- Other Adverse Effects (such as hazardous to the ozone layer): None known

DISTILLATE MINERAL OIL

- Ecotoxicity: NOEC 0.098 mg/l, fish, 14 days.
- · Persistence and Degradability: Not available
- · Bioaccumulative potential: Not available
- Mobility in Soil: Not available
- Other Adverse Effects (such as hazardous to the ozone layer): None known

CALCIUM SULPHATE DIHYDRATE

- Ecotoxicity: 96 Hr LC50 fish, mg/l: >1970 (fathead minnow)
- Persistence and Degradability: Calcium sulphate dissolves in water forming calcium and sulfate ions
- · Bioaccumulative Potential: Not expected
- Mobility in Soil: Not available
- Other Adverse Effects (such as hazardous to the ozone layer): None known

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

• Dispose as a non-hazardous waste in accordance with all local, state, and federal regulations.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION

May be shipped normally as a non-hazardous material.

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

- Superfund: CERCLA/SARA. This product is not listed under the Comprehensive Environmental Response
 Compensation and Liability Act(CERCLA) or its 1986 amendments, the Superfund Amendments and
 Reauthorization Act (SARA), including substances listed under Section 313 of SARA, Toxic Chemicals, 42 USC
 11023, 40 CFR 372.65; Section 302 of SARA Extremely Hazardous Substances, 42 USC 11002, 40 CFR 355;
 or the CERCLA Hazardous Substances list, 42 USC 9604, 40 CFR 302.
- RCRA: This product is not listed as a hazardous waste under any sections of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act or regulations (40 CFR 261 et seq.).
- Safe Drinking Water Act: This product is not regulated under the SDWA, 42 USC 300g-1, 40 CFR 141 et seq.
 Consult state and local regulations for possible water quality advisories regarding boron and ammonia.
- California Proposition 65: This product is not listed on any Proposition 65 lists of carcinogens or reproductive toxicants.
- OSHA Carcinogen: Not listed
- Clean Water Act (Federal Water Pollution Control Act): 33 USC 1251 et seq.: This product is not itself a
 discharge covered by any water quality criteria of Section 304 of the CWA, 33 USC 1314. This product is not
 on the Section 307 List of Priority Pollutants, 33 USC 1317, 40 CFR 116. This product is not on the Section
 311 List of Hazardous Substances, 33 USC 1321, 40 CFR 116.

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- TSCA No.: This product does not appear on the EPA TSCA inventory list. Ammonium sulfate and boric acid
 appear on the EPA TSCA inventory list under the CAS Nos. 7783-20-2 and 10043-35-3 respectively.
- OSHA/Cal/OSHA: This SDS document meets the requirements of both OSHA and Cal/OSHA hazard communication standards, Refer to Section 8 for regulatory exposure limits.
- iARC: The International Agency for Research on Cancer (of the World Health Organization) does not list
 or categorize this product as a carcinogen.
- NTP Annual Report on Carcinogens: Not listed

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INFORMATION PRESENTED HEREIN HAS BEEN COMPILED FROM SOURCES CONSIDERED DEPENDABLE AND IS ACCURATE AND RELIABLE TO THE BEST OF OUR KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF, BUT IS NOT GUARANTEED TO BE SO. NOTHING HEREIN IS TO BE CONSTRUED AS RECOMMENDING ANY PRACTICE OR ANY PRODUCT IN VIOLATION OF ANY PATENT OR IN VIOLATION OF ANY LAW OR REGULATION. THE USER IS RESPONSIBLE TO DETERMINE THE SUITABILITY OF ANY MATERIAL FOR A SPECIFIC PURPOSE AND ADOPT NECESSARY SAFETY PRECAUTIONS. WE MAKE NO WARRANTY AS TO RESULTS TO BE OBTAINED IN USING ANY MATERIAL AND, SINCE CONDITIONS OR USE ARE NOT UNDER OUR CONTROL, WE MUST NECESSARILY DISCLAIM ALL LIABILITY WITH RESPECT TO USE OF ANY MATERIAL SUPPLIED BY US.

Cellulose insulation using borates have a long track record of being safe when used as directed, but GHS classification criteria are based on potential hazards. These hazards are associated with animals in a laboratory setting being exposed to large amounts of borates in their feed over long periods of time – exposures that are not relevant to people, even those who work with borates every day. Nevertheless, in order to comply with GHS, Greenfiber has self-classified its borate insulation products as reproductive toxicants in the category that represents the lowest hazard.

HMIS Rating		National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)	
Health	1	Red (Flammability)	1
Flammability	1	Yellow (Reactivity)	C
Reactivity	0	Blue (Acute Health)	1*
Personal Protection	E	*Chronic Effects	

ABBREVIATIONS

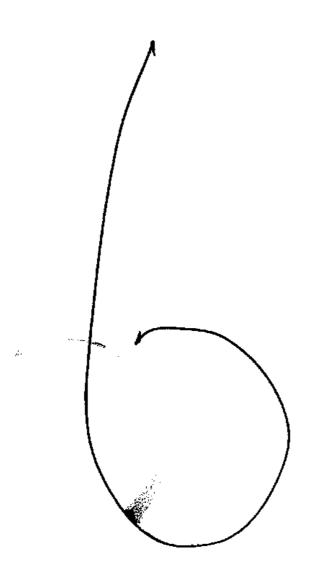
CAS	Chemical Abstract Services (identifies specific chemical)	OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
mg/m³	Milligrams per cubic meter	PNOR	Particulates Not Otherwise Regulated
LCLo	Lethal concentration low	PNOS	Particulates Not Otherwise Specified
LDLo	Lethal dose low	PEL	OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit
LC50	Lethal concentration 50%	ppm	Parts per million
LD50	Lethal dose 50%	RfD	Reference Dose
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level	RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
mg/l/H	Milligrams per liter per hour	TDLo	Toxic dose low
mg/kg	Milligrams per kilogram	TLV	ACGIH Threshold Limit Value
mg/m³	n³ Milligrams per cubic meter		8 hour Time Weighted Average exposure

SANCTUARY

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- 3. Dangerous Properties of Industrial Materials, Sax's, 1997 CD-Folio.
- Hazardous Substances Data Bank, Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety, Q-1, 1998.
- 5. Integrated Risk Information System, EPA, online.
- 6. Toxicological Profiles, Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry, U.S. Public Health Service, 1997.
- TLVs and other Occupational Exposure Values, American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, 2010.
- 8. 29 CFR 1910.1000 TABLE Z-1 and Z-3
- 9. California OSHA Title 8, Section 5155, Table AC-1
- 10. OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 & related Appendices 2012



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Isocyanate Component A

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : Isocyanate Component A

Substance name : Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the

Substance/Mixture

: Component of a Polyurethane System.

Uses advised against : Professional use of aprotic polar solvents for cleaning.,

Consumer spray applications., Consumer products requiring

heating above 40°C.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

: 3315 E Division St

Address

: Arlington, Texas 76017

Telephone

: 817-640-4900

E-mail address of person

responsible for the SDS

: info@huntsmanbuilds.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number

In USA, call Chemtrec at (800) 424-9300.

In Canada, call Canutec at (613) 966-6666,



Isocyanate Component A

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Acute toxicity, Category 4 H332: Harmful if inhaled.

Skin irritation, Category 2 H315: Causes skin irritation.

Eye imitation, Category 2 H319: Causes serious eye imitation.

Respiratory sensitisation, Category 1 H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or

breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin sensitisation, Category 1 H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Carcinogenicity, Category 2 H351: Suspected of causing cancer.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory

system

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated

exposure, Category 2

H373: May cause damage to organs through

prolonged or repeated exposure.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or

breathing difficulties if inhaled.

May cause respiratory irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H373 May cause damage to organs through

prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use, P260 Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/

vapours/ spray.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/

eye protection/ face protection/ hearing



Isocyanate Component A

protection.

Response:

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh

air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel

unweil.

P308 + P313

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical

advice/attention.

Additional Labelling:

EUH204

Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Substance name

: Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester

CAS-No.

: 9016-87-9

EC-No.

: Polymer

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylen	9016-87-9 Polymer	>= 90 - <= 100
e ester		

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice

Move out of dangerous area.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

Get medical attention immediately if symptoms occur. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Protection of first-aiders

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training.

It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give

mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

If potential for exposure exists refer to Section 8 for specific

personal protective equipment.

First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection

and use the recommended protective clothing



Isocyanate Component A

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air,

Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.

Keep patient warm and at rest. Keep respiratory tract clear.

If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial

respiration.

If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice.

Consult a physician immediately if symptoms such as

shortness of breath or asthma are observed. A hyper-reactive response to even minimal concentrations of

diisocyanates may develop in sensitised persons.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical

surveillance for 48 hours.

LC50 (rat); ca. 490 mg/m3 (4 hours); using experimentally produced respirable aerosol having aerodynamic diameter

<5microns.

Methods used to generate the exposure concentrations in the animal studies use extreme laboratory conditions and does not represent actual exposure conditions of the material in the workplace, storage, transportation or expected use on the market due to the very low vapor pressure. Therefore, these test results cannot be used to for hazard classification of the material. Rather, an acute toxicity estimate is calculated based on weight of evidence and expert judgement and is used to justify a modified classification for acute inhalation toxicity.

In case of skin contact

In case of contact, immediately flush skin with soap and plenty of water.

Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

Call a physician if irritation develops or persists.

An MDI study has demonstrated that a polyglycol-based skin. cleanser (such as D-Tam™, PEG-400) or corn oil may be

more effective than soap and water.

In case of eye contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

Seek medical advice.

If swallowed

Gently wipe or rinse the inside of the mouth with water.

DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a

physician or poison control center.

Keep respiratory tract clear.

Keep at rest.

If a person vomits when lying on his back, place him in the

recovery position.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.



Isocyanate Component A

Take victim immediately to hospital. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms

Severe allergic skin reactions, bronchiospasm and

anaphylactic shock

Risks

This product is a respiratory irritant and potential respiratory sensitiser: repeated inhalation of vapour or aerosol at levels above the occupational exposure limit could cause respiratory sensitisation.

Symptoms may include irritation to the eyes, nose, throat and lungs, possibly combined with dryness of the throat, tightness

of chest and difficulty in breathing.

The onset of the respiratory symptoms may be delayed for

several hours after exposure.

A hyper-reactive response to even minimal concentrations of

MDI may develop in sensitised persons.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment

Symptomatic and supportive therapy as needed. Following severe exposure medical follow-up should be monitored for at least 48 hours.

The first aid procedure should be established in consultation with the doctor responsible for industrial medicine.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media :

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local

circumstances and the surrounding environment.

Foam

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry powder

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Water may be used if no other available and then in copious

quantities. Reaction between water and hot isocyanate may

be vigorous.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during

firefighting

: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

The pressure in sealed containers can increase under the

influence of heat.

Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to

health.

Hazardous combustion

products

Combustion products may include: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides, hydrocarbons and HCN. In the event

of extreme heat (>500 degrees C), aniline is suspected of



Isocyanate Component A

being formed.

No hazardous combustion products are known

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

Wear an approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus in addition to standard fire fighting gear. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide

a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

Specific extinguishing

methods

Cool containers/tanks with water spray.

Further information : Standard procedure for chemical fires.

Due to reaction with water producing CO2-gas, a hazardous build-up of pressure could result if contaminated containers

are re-sealed.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface

water or the ground water system.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions

Immediately evacuate personnel to safe areas.

Use personal protective equipment.

If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable

materials.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective

equipment may intervene.

For additional precautions and advice on safe handling, see

section 7

Never return spills in original containers for re-use.

Make sure that there is a sufficient amount of neutralizing/

absorbent material near the storage area.

The danger areas must be delimited and identified using

relevant warning and safety signs.

Treat recovered material as described in the section "Disposal

considerations".

For disposal considerations see section 13,



Isocyanate Component A

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions

Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the

environment.

Do not allow material to contaminate ground water system.

Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Clean-up methods - small spillage

Contain spillage, soak up with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and transfer to a container for disposal according to local /

national regulations (see section 13). Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.

Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable

container for disposal.

Neutralize small spillages with decontaminant.

The compositions of liquid decontaminants are given in

Section 16.

Remove and dispose of residues. Clean-up methods - large spillage If the product is in its solid form:

Spilled MDI flakes should be picked up carefully.

The area should be vacuum cleaned to remove remaining

dust particles completely.

If the product is in its liquid form:

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel,

acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Leave to react for at least 30 minutes.

Shovel into open-top drums for further decontamination.

Wash the spillage area with water. Test atmosphere for MDI vapour.

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8., For disposal considerations see section 13., The compositions of liquid decontaminants are given in Section 16.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Technical measures : Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to

the workstation location.

Local/Total ventilation : Use only with adequate ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : For personal protection see section 8.

Avoid formation of aerosol.

Do not breathe vapours or spray mist.



Isocyanate Component A

Do not breathe vapours/dust.

Do not swallow.

Do not get in eyes or mouth or on skin.

Do not get on skin or clothing.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area.

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.

Keep container closed when not in use.

Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.

Persons susceptible to skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Industrial use of aprotic polar solvents for cleaning can release hazardous primary aromatic amines (>0.1%)

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Hygiene measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep in properly labelled containers. Observe label precautions. Protect from moisture. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Advice on common storage

: For incompatible materials please refer to Section 10 of this

SDS.

Further information on storage stability

: Stable under normal conditions.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : No data available



Isocyanate Component A

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Contains no substances with occupational exposure limit values.

8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection

 Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

Chemical splash goggles.

Always wear eye protection when the potential for inadvertent

eye contact with the product cannot be excluded.

Please follow all applicable local/national requirements when selecting protective measures for a specific workplace. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to

the workstation location.

Hand protection Remarks

Protective gloves should be worn when handling freshly made polyurethane products to avoid contact with trace residual materials which may be hazardous in contact with skin.

Use chemical resistant gloves classified under Standard EN374: protective gloves against chemicals and microorganisms. Examples of glove materials that might provide suitable protection include: Butyl rubber, Chlorinated polyethylene, Polyethylene, Ethyl vinyl alcohol copolymers laminated ("EVAL"), Polychloroprene (Neoprene*), Nitrile/butadiene rubber ("nitrile" or "NBR"), Polyvinyl chloride ("PVC" or "vinyl"), Fiuoroelastomer (Viton*).

When prolonged or frequently repeated contact may occur, a glove with protection class of 5 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 240 minutes according to EN374) is recommended.

When only brief contact is expected, a glove with protection class of 3 or higher (breakthrough time greater than 60 minutes according to EN374) is recommended. Notice: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all requisite workplace factors such as, but not limited to: other chemicals that may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), as well as instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it. By industrial use of aprotic polar solvents for cleaning: Butyl rubber (0.7mm), Nitrile rubber (0.4mm), Chloroprene (0.5mm)

Skin and body protection

: Impervious clothing



Isocyanate Component A

Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

Recommended:

Overall (preferably heavy cotton) or Tyvek-Pro Tech 'C',

Tyvek Pro 'F' disposable coverall.

Respiratory protection : Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator

complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment

indicates this is necessary.

Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe

working limits of the selected respirator.

In emergency, non-routine and unknown exposure situations, including confined space entries, a NIOSH-certified full facepiece pressure demand self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA)or a full facepiece pressure demand supplied air respirator (SAR) with auxiliary self-contained air

supply, should be used.

Protective measures : Personal protective equipment comprising: suitable protective

gloves, safety goggles and protective clothing

The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance

at the specific workplace.

Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are

located close to the working place.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance : liquid

Colour : brown, clear

Odour : slight, musty

Odour Threshold : No data is available on the product itself.

pH : substance/mixture reacts with water

Melting point : 5 °C

Method: Melting / Freezing Temperature

Boiling point : No data is available on the product itself.

Flash point : 230 °C

Method: closed cup

Evaporation rate : No data is available on the product itself.

Flammability (solid, gas) : No data is available on the product itself.

Burning rate : No data is available on the product itself.



Isocyanate Component A

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

: No data is available on the product itself.

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

: No data is available on the product itself.

Vapour pressure

: 0,00031 Pa (20 °C)

Method: Vapour Pressure

Relative vapour density

: 8.5

Method: see user defined free text

Relative density

: 1,23 (20 °C)

Density

: 1,23 g/cm3 (25 °C)

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility

: No data is available on the product itself.

Solubility in other solvents

: No data is available on the product itself.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data is available on the product itself.

Auto-ignition temperature

: No data is available on the product itself.

Decomposition temperature

: No data is available on the product itself.

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic

: 195 mPa.s (25 °C)

Explosive properties

: Not explosive

Oxidizing properties

: The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

9.2 Other information

Self-ignition

> 600 °C

Method: Auto-Ignition Temperature (Liquids and Gases)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions

Reaction with water (moisture) produces CO2-gas.

Exothermic reaction with materials containing active hydrogen

groups.

The reaction becomes progressively more vigorous and can



Isocyanate Component A

be violent at higher temperatures if the miscibility of the reaction partners is good or is supported by stirring or by the

presence of solvents.

MDI is insoluble with, and heavier than water and sinks to the

bottom but reacts slowly at the interface.

A solid water-insoluble layer of polyurea is formed at the

interface by liberating carbon dioxide gas.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Extremes of te

Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

Exposure to air or moisture over prolonged periods.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid

Acids Amines Bases

Metals water

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Combustion products may include: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, nitrogen oxides, hydrocarbons and HCN. In the event of extreme heat (>500 degrees C), aniline is suspected of being formed.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity - Product

: LD50 (Rat, male): > 10 000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity -

Product

: Assessment: The substance/mixture is not toxic on inhalation

as defined by dangerous goods regulations.

Remarks: Methods used to generate the exposure

concentrations in the animal studies use extreme laboratory conditions and does not represent actual exposure conditions of the material in the workplace, storage, transportation or expected use on the market due to the very low vapor pressure. Therefore, these test results cannot be used to for hazard classification of the material. Rather, an acute toxicity estimate is calculated based on weight of evidence and expert judgement and is used to justify a modified classification for

acute inhalation toxicity.

LC50 (Rat, male and female): 0,49 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

short term inhalation.



Isocyanate Component A

Acute dermal toxicity -

Product

: LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 9 400 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Acute toxicity (other routes of : No data available

administration)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Species: Rabbit

Assessment: Imitating to skin. Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

Result: Skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Species: Rabbit

Assessment: Mild eye irritant Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Result: Irritation to eyes, reversing within 7 days

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Product:

Exposure routes: Skin Species: Guinea pig

Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

Result: May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Exposure routes: Respiratory Tract

Species: Rat

Result: May cause sensitisation by inhalation.

Assessment:

May cause an altergic skin reaction., May cause altergy or

asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Product:

Genotoxicity in vitro

: Concentration: 200 ug/plate

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: Directive 67/548/EEC, Annex, B.13/14

Result: negative

Product:

Genotoxicity in vivo

: Application Route: Inhalation

Result: Not classified due to inconclusive data.

Application Route: Inhalation



Isocyanate Component A

Exposure time: 3 Weeks Dose: 113 mg/m3

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Product:

Germ cell mutagenicity-

Assessment

: Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show

mutagenic effects.

Carcinogenicity

Product:

Remarks: Rats have been exposed for two years to a respirable aerosol of polymeric MDI which resulted in a chronic pulmonary irritation at high concentrations. Only at the top level (6 mg/m3), there was a significant incidence of a benign tumour of the lung (adenoma) and one malignant tumour (adenocarcinoma). There were no lung tumours at 1 mg/m3 and no effects at 0.2 mg/m3. Overall, the tumour incidence, both benign and malignant, and the number of animals with the tumours were not different from controls. The increased incidence of lung tumours is associated with prolonged respiratory irritation and the concurrent accumulation of yellow material in the lung, which occurred throughout the study. In the absence of prolonged exposure to high concentrations leading to chronic irritation and lung damage, it is highly unlikely that tumour formation will occur.

Remarks: Industrial use of aprotic polar solvents for cleaning can release hazardous primary aromatic amines (>0.1%)

Based on animal studies, primary aromatic amines are considered as potential carcinogen to humans. Some of those chemicals are proven carcinogens to humans. Provided the recommended personal protective equipment and hygiene measures are applied.

Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Inhalation Exposure time: 24 month(s)

Dose: 1 mg/m3

Frequency of Treatment: 5 daily Method: OECD Test Guideline 453

Result: positive

Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Inhalation Exposure time: 24 month(s)

Dose: 1 mg/m3

Frequency of Treatment: 5 daily Method: OECD Test Guideline 453

Result: positive

Components:

Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester:

no adverse effects to human health are to be expected

Carcinogenicity - : Suspected human carcinogens

Assessment



Isocyanate Component A

Reproductive toxicity

Product:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat, male and female

Application Route: Inhalation Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Remarks: No significant adverse effects were reported

Product:

Effects on foetal

development

: Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Inhalation

General Toxicity Maternal: 4 mg/m³ Method: OECD Test Guideline 414 Result: No teratogenic effects

Product:

Reproductive toxicity -

Assessment

: No toxicity to reproduction

No evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and fertility,

or on development, based on animal experiments.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Exposure routes: Inhalation
Target Organs: Respiratory Tract

Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Exposure routes: Inhalation
Target Organs: Respiratory Tract

Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Product:

Species: Rat, male and female

NOEC: 0,2

Exposure time: 17 520 hNumber of exposures: 5 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 453

Repeated dose toxicity -

: No data available

Assessment

Aspiration toxicity

No data available

Experience with human exposure

General Information:

No data available



Isocyanate Component A

Inhalation:

No data available

Skin contact:

No data available

Eye contact:

No data available

Ingestion:

No data available

Toxicology, Metabolism, Distribution

No data available

Neurological effects

No data available

Further information

Ingestion:

No data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish

: LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)); > 1 000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: static test
Test substance: Fresh water
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

LC0: > 1 000 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 000 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h
Test Type: static test
Test substance: Fresh water
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green aigae)): > 1 640

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h
Test Type: static test
Test substance: Fresh water
Method: OECD Test Guideline 201



Isocyanate Component A

Toxicity to daphnia and other : NOEC: >= 10 mg/l

aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

NOEC: >= 10 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)

Test Type: semi-static test
Test substance: Fresh water
Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms

: EC50 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: static test

Test substance: Fresh water Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Toxicity to soil dwelling

organisms

: EC50: > 1 000 mg/kg Exposure time: 336 h

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms) Method: OECD Test Guideline 207

Components:

Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester:

Toxicity to fish

: LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): > 1 000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: static test
Test substance: Fresh water
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

LC0 : > 1 000 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 000 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h
Test Type: static test
Test substance: Fresh water
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 1 640

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h
Test Type: static test
Test substance: Fresh

Test substance: Fresh water Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms

: EC50 (activated sludge): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h
Test Type: static test
Test substance: Fresh water
Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)

: NOEC: >= 10 mg/i Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)



Isocyanate Component A

Test Type: semi-static test Test substance: Fresh water Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to soil dwelling

organisms

: EC50: > 1 000 mg/kg

Exposure time: 336 h

Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms) Method: OECD Test Guideline 207

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Inoculum: Domestic sewage

Concentration: 30 mg/l Result: Not biodegradable Biodegradation: 0 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: Inherent Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (II)

Components:

Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester:

Biodegradability : Inoculum: Domestic sewage

Concentration: 30 mg/l Result: Not biodegradable Biodegradation: 0 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: Inherent Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (II)

Stability in water : Degradation half life (DT50): 0,8 d (25 °C)

Method: No information available,

Remarks: Fresh water

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 200 Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Components:

Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF); 200 Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or



Isocyanate Component A

very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher...

12.6 Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with

chemical or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging

Empty remaining contents.

Dispose of as unused product.

Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

IATA

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

ADR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

RID

Not regulated as a dangerous good

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV)

; Not applicable

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High

Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).

(Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 57).

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles (Annex XVII) Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be

: This product does not contain

substances of very high concern

considered:



Isocyanate Component A

Number on list 3 Diphenylmethanediisocyanate, polymeric

(Number on list 56)

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

(Number on list 56)

2,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

(Number on list 56)

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances. Not applicable

Occupational Ilinesses (R-

461-3, France)

Other regulations:

Take note of Directive 92/85/EEC regarding maternity protection or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

Take note of Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

: 62

DSL : All components of this product are on the Canadian DSL

: On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory AICS

NZIoC On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

ENCS : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

KECI : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

PICCS : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

IECSC : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TCSI : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : All substances listed as active on the TSCA inventory

Inventories



Isocyanate Component A

AICS (Australia), DSL (Canada), IECSC (China), ENCS (Japan), KECI (Korea), NZIOC (New Zealand), PICCS (Philippines), TCSI (Taiwan), TSCA (United States of America (USA))

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for this substance. Product falls under the EU-polymer definition.

SECTION 16: Other information

Further information

Other information

: Liquid decontaminants (percentages by weight or volume) : Decontaminant 1 : *- sodium carbonate : 5 - 10 % *- liquid detergent : 0.2 - 2 % *- water : to make up to 100 %

Decontaminant 2: *- concentrated ammonia solution: 3 - 8 % *- liquid detergent: 0.2 - 2 % *- water: to make up to 100 % Decontaminant 1 reacts slower with diisocyanates but is more

environmentally friendly than decontaminant 2.

Decontaminant 2 contains ammonia. Ammonia presents

health hazards. (See supplier safety information.)

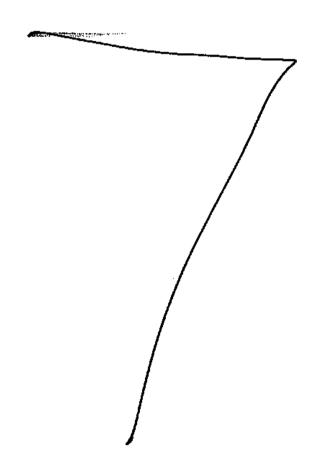
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IN ALL CASES, IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE USER TO DETERMINE THE APPLICABILITY OF SUCH INFORMATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS AND THE SUITABILITY OF ANY PRODUCT FOR ITS OWN PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

THE PRODUCT MAY PRESENT HAZARDS AND SHOULD BE USED WITH CAUTION. WHILE CERTAIN HAZARDS ARE DESCRIBED IN THIS PUBLICATION, NO GUARANTEE IS MADE THAT THESE ARE THE ONLY HAZARDS THAT EXIST.

Hazards, toxicity and behaviour of the products may differ when used with other materials and are dependent upon the manufacturing circumstances or other processes. Such hazards, toxicity and behaviour should be determined by the user and made known to handlers, processors and end users.

NO PERSON OR ORGANIZATION EXCEPT A DULY AUTHORIZED HUNTSMAN BUILDING SOLUTIONS EMPLOYEE IS AUTHORIZED TO PROVIDE OR MAKE AVAILABLE DATA SHEETS FOR HUNTSMAN BUILDING SOLUTIONS PRODUCTS. DATA SHEETS FROM UNAUTHORIZED SOURCES MAY CONTAIN INFORMATION THAT IS NO LONGER CURRENT OR ACCURATE.



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FIRE PROTECTIVE COATING

FS-IB™ IGNITION BARRIER

SAFETY DATA SHEET

-		& COMPANY INFORMATION	
1.1	Product Identifier		
	Product Name	FS-IB™ IGNITION BARRIER	
	Brand	Flame Seal Products, Inc.	
	CAS#	NA/mixture	
1.2	Relevant identified uses of the subs	tance or mixture and uses advised against	
	Identified uses	Water based fire retardant paint.	
1.3	Details of the Supplier of the Safety	Data Sheet	
	Company	Flame Seal Products, Inc.	
		15200 West Drive	
		Houston, TX 77053 USA	
	Telephone	713-668-4291	
	Fax	713-668-1724	
1.4	Emergency telephone number		
	Emergency #	800-424-9300	

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION SECTION 2

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 (OSHA HCS)

Skin irritant, eye irritant

For the full text of the H-statements mentioned in this section, see Section 16.

GHS Label Elements, including precautionary statements

		WARNING
	Hazard Statements	
	H316:3	May causes mild skin irritation.
	H320 : 2B	Causes eye irritation.
	Precautionary Statements	
	P103	Read label before use.
	P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
	P280	Wear eye/face protection.
	P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	P332 + 313	If skin irritation occurs: get medical advice/attention.
	P337 + P313	If eye imitation persists: get medical advice/attention.
	P404	Store in a closed container.
	P501	Dispose of contents/container using approved waste disposal facility.
2.3	Hazards not otherwise classified (HNO	C) or not covered by GHS
	11000	W 1 1 0120 H 1

May be harmful if swallowed.

For the full text of the H-statements mentioned in this section, see section 16.

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FS-IB™ IGNITION BARRIER



	SECTION 3 COMPOSITION/INF	ORMATION ON INGRED	IENTS	
3.1	Substances			
	Formula	Water based latex paint with	intumescent additives.	
	Hazardous Components		Classification	Concentration
	Acrylamide-ethylene-vinylchloride copolymer	Proprietary - Wacker Co.	eye imitation (2B), mild skin	<3%
			irritection (3)	
	Titanium dioxide	CAS # 13463-67-7	See Section 11 for hazards	
	Melamine	CAS # 108-78-1	Nuisance and combustible	<20%
			dust in dry form	
	Pentaerythrital	CAS # 115-77-5	Nuisance and combustible	< 20%
			dust in dry form	

	SECTION 4	FIRST AID MEASURE	S
4.1	Description of firs	l aid measures	
	General advice		Move out of dangerous area. Cousidt a Physician. Show this Safety Data Sheet to Physician.
	If inhated		Not expected to be an issue.
	In case of skin con	tact	Wash with soap and plenty of water. If irritation occurs, get medical advice/attention,
	In case of eye cont	act	Flush eyes with plenty of fresh water while holding cyclids open. Remove contact lenses if worn. If eye irritation persists, get medical advice/extention.
	lf swallowed		Do not induce ventiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Flush mouth with water. If conscious give water to further dilute chemical. Consult physician.
4.2	Most important sy both acute and de	mptoms and effects, layed	The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) or in Section 11.
4.3	Indication of any in and special treatm	mmediate medical attention nent needed	No data available.

	SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES		
5.1 Extinguishing media Not combustible (use water spray, fog. foam, dry chemicals, CO, or other agent		Not combustible (use water spray, fog. foam, dry chemicals, CO, or other agents as appropriate for material in surrounding fire).	
5.2	Special hazards arising from substance	Heating and/or burning may liberate small amounts of ammonia.	
	or mixture		
5.3	9.3 Advice for firefighters Not combustible (use safety equipment which is suitable for materials in surrounding fire).		
5.4	Further Information	No data available	

	SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELE	ASE MEASURES
6.1	Personal precautions, protective equipment	Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing mist. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel from affected area.
	and emorgency procedures	For personal protection, see Section 8,
6.2	Environmental precautions	Prevent further leakage or spilloge, if safe to do so. Keep out of drains.
6.3	Methods and materials for containment	Confine spilled material and absorb with sand, sawdust, earth or other available solids. Sweep up and place in a suitable
	and cleaning up.	container for disposal.
6.4	Reference to other sections	See Section 13 for further disposal info.

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	SECTION 7 HANDLING & STORA	NGE
7.1	Precautions for safe handling	Wear appropriate protective equipment. Provide adequate ventilation. See Sections 2.2 and 8.
7.2	Conditions for safe storage,	Keep container tightly scaled when not in use. Use good industrial practices to avoid spills. Exposure to strong bases
	including any incompatibles	aud'or heat may liberate ammonia.
7.3	Specified end use	ICC certified Ignition Barrier alternative for tested spray applied polyarethane form in attics and crawl spaces,

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CO	NTROL/PERSONAL PROTECT	TION		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Control Parameters				
Components:			ACGIH	OSHA
Titanium Dioxide (respirable form)	CAS # 13463-67-7	EC# 236-675-5	10mg/m³ TLV-TWA	15 mg/m³
			respirable fraction 1 mg/m ³	Total dust 8 hr TWA
Engineering Controls	Handle in accordance with goo	ed industrial and safety pra	ctices. Wash hands after handling.	
Personal Protection Equipment	Respiratory Protection	For heavy mist exposure	e, use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respi	irator suitable for use with
	(Specify Type)	organic vapors if proper	ventilation cannot be provided.	
	Remediation or sending	Contains titaninun dioxid	de which is considered a potential hum	an carcinogen in respirable
		form. Do not breath dus	t. Use measures to control dust to publ	ished exposure level limits.
		Otherwise wear NIOSH	suitable respirator for hazardous dust	- N 100, P100, R100 filters.
	Protective Gloves	Wear impervious gloves	as necessary to avoid excessive skin o	ontact (i.e. nubber or neopsene)
	Eye Protection	Protective glasses or gos	ggles in beavy mist areas.	
	Other Protective	Adequate clothing to mi	minize direct contact with skin.	
	Equipment			
Ventilation	Local Exhaust	Use exhaust fans if nece	essary to control mist or vapor.	
	Mechanical (general)	Normal room ventilation	n.	
	Special	NA		

	SECT	ION 9 PHYSICAL	PROPERTIES AND CHEMICA	L PROPER	RTIES	
9.1	taforn	nation on Basic Physical & Ch	emical Properties			
	a]	Appearance	White liquid	k)	Vapor pressure	No data available
	b)	Odor	Slight amine	E)	Vapor density	No data available
	c)	Odor threshold	NA	m)	Relative density	1.25 - 1.32 g/cm ³
	리	р}Н	7.5 - 8.5	n)	Water solubility	Partially soluble
	el	Metting/freezing point	NA/~32 °F	(0)	Partition coefficient n-octano/water	No data available
	fJ	Initial boiling point	~212 °F	p)	Auto ignition temp	None
	g)	Flash point	No data available	(p	Decomposition temp	No data available
	h	Eveporation rate	No data available	r)	Viscosity	90 - 130 Ku
	q	Flammability	None	s)	Explosive properties	No data available
	j)	Upper/lower flamm limits	No data available	ti	Oxidizing properties	No data available

	SECTION 10 STABILITY &	REACTIVITY	
10.1	Reactivity	No data available	
10.2	Chemical Stability	Stable under recommended storage conditions	
10.3	Possibility of hazardous reactions	None known	
10.4	Conditions to avoid	Evaporation - Keep container senled tightly when not in use	
10.5	Incompatible materials	Strong bases and alkalis	
10.6	Hazardous decomposition products	Ammonia, nitrous oxides	

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	SECTION 11	TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

	SECTION III TOXICOLOGICAL INI	FURMATION
11.1	Information on toxicological effects	
	Acute texicity	LD50 (rat) > 2000 mg/kg
		Conclusion by analogy.
	Inhalation	Not established. Not expected to be harmful. If necessary, use respirator if edequate ventilation is not possible to keep exposure
		to particulate matter at a minimum in heavy mist areas when spraying.
	Dermat	Not established, not expected to be harmful. May be instating with continual contact.
	Skin corresion/irritation	No data available
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	May cause moderate eye irritation if exposed.
	Respiratory or skin sensitization	Prolonged exposure may cause skin reddening.
	Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available.
	Carcinogenicity	Titanium Dioxide - Respirable form
	IARC	Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
		(a) Although IARC has classified tilanium dioxide as a possible carcinogenie to humans (2B), their summary concludes:
		"No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products which titanium dioxide is
		bound to other materials, such as paints."
		(b) OSHA does not regulate titanium dioxide as a carcinogen. However, under 29CFR 1910.1200 the SDS must convey
		the fact that filanium dioxide is a potential careinogen to rats. See additional information below.
		Note: Normal application procedures for this product pose no hazard as to the release of respirable titanium dioxide dust,
		but grinding or sanding dried films of this product may yield respirable titurium dioxide. Use appropriate protection.
	Reproductive toxicity	No chemicals present in the product are known to cause fertility issues.
	Specific organ toxicity (single exposure)	No data available
	Specific organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	No data ovailable
	Aspiration hazard	No data available.
	Additional Information	In lifetime inhalation studies rats were exposed for 2 years to Titanium Dioxide Figment - Dry Grades at 10, 50 and 250 mg/m²
		of respirable TiO ₂ . Slight lung fibrosis was observed at 50 and 250 mg/m² levels. Microscopic lung tumors were also observed
		is 13 percent of the rats exposed to 250 me/m² an exposure level that coused lung overloading and impairment of rat lung's

of respirable TiO₂. Slight leag fibrosis was observed at 50 and 250 mg/m³ levels. Microscopic lung tumors were also observed in 13 percent of the rats exposed to 250 mg/m³, an exposure level that caused lung overloading and impairment of rat lung's clearance mechanisms. In further studies, these tumors were found to occur only under particle overload conditions in a uniquely sensitive species, the rat, and have little or no relevance for humans. The pulmonary inflammatory response to TiO₂ particles exposure was also found to be much more severe in rats than in other redent species.

In February 2006, IARC re-evaluated Titanium dioxide as pertaining to Group 2B: "possibly carcinogenic to humans", based upon inadequate evidence in humans and sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of titanium dioxide. IARC evaluation guidelines consider the generation of tumors, in 2 different studies within the same animal species, to be adequate criteria for an assessment of sufficient evidence.

The conclusions of several epidemiology studies on more than 20000 TiO₂ industry workers in Europe and the USA did not suggest a carcinogenic effect of TiO₂ dust on the human lung. Mortality from other chronic diseases, including other respiratory diseases was also not associated with exposure to TiO₂ dust.

Based upon all available study results, DuPout scientists conclude that titanium dioxide will not cause lung cancer or chronic respiratory diseases in humans at concentrations experienced in the workplace.

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	SECTION 12 ECOLO	GICAL INFORMATION	
12.1	Toxicity	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		Toxicity to fish	LD50 - Rainbow trout (Oncorfrynchus mykiss) > 150 mg/l - 96h
			1.D50 - Fathead mirmow (Pimephalas promelas) > 150 mg/1 - 96h
			Conclusion by analogy
	Ŧ	oxicity to daphnia & other aquatic invertebrates	No data available,
			Conclusions drawn from relevant literature and documentation from similar products.
12.2	Persistence & degradability	Polymer component not read	ily biodegradable. Elimination by activated sludge. Separation by flocculation is possible.
12.3	Bloaccumulation potentiat	No adverse effects expected.	
12.4	Mobility in soil	No adverse effects expected.	
12.5	Results of PBT & vPvP assess	mont Not required. Not conducted.	
12.6	Other adverse effects	No dota available.	

	SECTION IS DISPUSAL CONSIDERATIONS	
13.	1 Waste treatment methods	
	Product	Liquid - Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site.
		Dried product - Should be disposable as non fazzardous solid waste. Check local regulations.
	Contaminated packaging	Empty containers may retain product residue and should be handled accordingly. Empty containers should be taken to an
		approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal. Do not re-use containers.

SECTION 14	TRANSPORT INFORMATION	
COT (US)	Not dangerous goods	
 IMDG	Not dangerous goods	
 ATA	Not dangerous goods	

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFO	RMATION
SARA 302 Components	No chemicals in this product are subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, section 302.
SARA 313 Components	This product does not contain any obtained components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (DeMinimis)
	reporting levels established by SARA Title III, section 313.
SARA 311/312	Chronic health hazard.
New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts	Melamine CAS # 108-78-1
Right to Know Components	Titanium Dioxide CAS # 13463-67-7
California Prop. 65	WARNING! This product contains a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer in respirable form. Titanium
	Dioxide. This product does not contain any chemicals known to the State of California to cause current, birth defects, or any
	other reproductive harm.
WHMIS	D2A - Carcinogen as respirable dust. Titanium Dioxide.
IARC	Group 2B - Possible human carrinogen - as respirable dust Titanium Dioxide.
RTECS #	XR 2275000 - Titanium Dioxide
HAPS	No HAPS are present in this product at reportable levels.
Clean Water Act	Section 311 lists phosphorous as a hazardous substance, which if discharged into or upon water, will present an imminent
	and substantial danger to public welfare. Spills of >= 5000 pounds (approx. 50,000 pounds of FSTB) must be reported to the
	National Response Center @ 1-800-124-8802.

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SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of H-statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H316:13 Cause mild skin imitation.

H320 : 2B Causes eye irritation.

Hazard pictograms not required per Tables 3.2.5, 3.2.5.1, 3.3.5, 3.3.5.1 of the GHS of Classification and Labeling of Chamicals Fifth Revised Edition.

Hazard conclusions drawn from relevant literature and documentation from similar products.

Titunium dioxide included in the Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) - Respirable form.

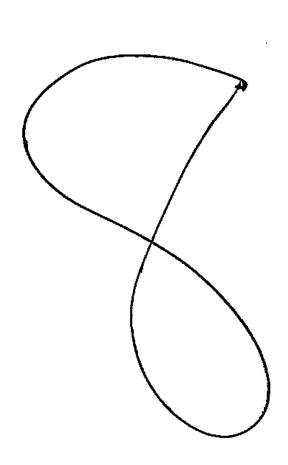
HMIS Rating	Health hazard	1
	Chronic health hazard	*
	Flammability	0
	Physical hazard	0
NFPA	Heelth hazard	0
	Fire hazard	0
	Reactivity hazard	0

The information in this document is based on the present state of Flame Seal Products' knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safety precautions. It does not represent any guarantees to the product. Flame Seal Products shall not be held liable for any damage from handling or from contact with the above product.

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : Foam-Lok FL 2000
Product code : FL 2000 - All Grades

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Closed-cell spray applied foam when installed following application guidelines adheres to framing

members and substrates.

Use of the substance/mixture : A component for the production of spray insulation foam

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Huntsman Building Solutions 3315 E. Division Street, Arlington, TX 76011

Tel: 817-640-4900 , 888-224-1533 sdsinfo@huntsmanbuilds.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC (24 hours) 800-424-9300

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Dam. 1 H318

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)



GHS05

Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H315 - Causes skin irritation

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P264 - Wash hands, face thoroughly after handling

P280 - Wear eye protection, protective gloves, protective clothing

P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water

P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing P310 - Immediately call a doctor, a POISON CENTER

P321 - Specific treatment (see on this label)

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

2.3. Other hazards

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture



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Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
2-Propanol, 1-chloro-, phosphate (3:1)	(CAS No) 13674-84-5	<20	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312
Oxirane, methyl-, polymer with oxirane, ether with 2,6- bis[[bis(2-hydroxyethyl)amino]methyl]-4-nonylphenol (5:1)	(CAS No) 52019-35-9	<15	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318
Diethylene glycol	(CAS No) 111-46-6	<10	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302
1-Propanol, 2,2-dimethyl-, tribromo derivative	(CAS No) 36483-57-5	<10	Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
1,3-Propanediamine, N,N-bis[3-(dimethylamino)propyl]-N',N'-dimethyl-	(CAS No) 33329-35-0	0.5 - 3	Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318
Ethylene glycol	(CAS No) 107-21-1	0.1 - 0.75	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 STOT RE 2, H373
Bis(2-dimethylaminoethyl) ether	(CAS No) 3033-62-3	<0.5	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general

: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

First-aid measures after inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. In case of breathing difficulties administer oxygen. In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial respiration. Seek medical advice.

First-aid measures after skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash skin thoroughly with mild soap and water.
 Seek medical attention immediately.

First-aid measures after eye contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water for 15 minutes. Contact lenses should be removed.

Immediately get medical attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion

: Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in the recovery position and seek medical advice.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation

: Inhalation of mist or aerosol may cause irritation to nose and throat . May cause irritation to the respiratory tract.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact

: Causes skin irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact

: Causes serious eye damage.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion

 Can occur: Gastrointestinal disturbance. Tremor. Cardiac disorders. Incoordination, dizziness, headache, nausea, mental confusion slurred speech depending to quantity of ingested material.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

: Water spray. Dry extinguishing powder. Carbon dioxide. Foam.

Suitable extinguishing media
Unsuitable extinguishing media

: None known.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

No additional information available

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective equipment for firefighters

: Use self-contained breathing apparatus and chemically protective clothing.

Other information

: Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures

: Stop leak if safe to do so. Spills of this product present a serious slipping hazard. Avoid breathing mist or vapor . Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment

: Wear suitable protective clothing. Refer to section 8.



6.1.2. For emergency responders

orotective equipment

: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

: Take up liquid spill into inert absorbent material. Sweep or shovel spills into appropriate

container for disposal. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Reference to other sections

Refer to sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Obtain special instructions before use. Avoid mixing with air or use for any purpose above atmospheric pressure . Product should not be mixed with air above atmospheric pressure for leak testing or any other purpose. Use dry nitrogen to transfer or leak test equipment pressurized with product

Hygiene measures

Wash contaminated clothing prior to re-use. Always wash hands and face immediately after handling this product, and once again before leaving the workplace. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures

: Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation. A washing facility/water for eye and skin

cleaning purposes should be present.

Storage conditions

Keep out of direct sunlight. Store in original container. Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat. Do not freeze. Product that is frozen and/or tending to sedimentation can be liquefied or homogenized by careful application of indirect heat (do not use flames or direct contact with a heat source). Protect from moisture.

21 - 26 °C (70 - 80 °F)

Storage temperature

Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Ethylene glycol (107-2	21-1)	
USA ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (mg/m³)	100 mg/m³

Bis(2-dimethylaminoethyl) ether (3033-62-3)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	0.05 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	0.15 ppm

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation. Ensure adequate ventilation. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

Personal protective equipment

Protective goggles. Gloves. Protective clothing. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



Hand protection

: Wear suitable gloves resistant to chemical penetration. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

Eye protection

Tightly fitting safety goggles. Eve protection, including both chemical splash goggles and face shield, must be worn when possibility exists for eye contact due to spraying liquid or airborne particles.

Skin and body protection

: Protective clothing.



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Respiratory protection : Full face piece respirator. Approved supplied air respirator.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid

Colour : Dark orange to brown

Odour : Amine-like

Odour threshold : No data available

pH : >= 7

: No data available Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available Melting point Freezing point No data available : No data available **Boiling point** : > 200 °C (closed cup) Flash point Auto-ignition temperature : No data available Decomposition temperature : No data available Flammability (solid, gas) No data available Vapour pressure No data available

Relative vapour density at 20 °C : No data available

Relative density : No data available

Density : 1.15 - 1.17 g/cm³ @ 25°C (Bulk Density)

Solubility : Water: Slightly soluble
Log Pow : No data available
Log Kow : No data available
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Viscosity, dynamic : 800 - 1000 mPa.s @ 23 °C

Explosive properties : No data available
Oxidising properties : No data available
Explosive limits : No data available

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under use and storage conditions as recommended in section 7.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No additional information available

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Temperatures above 26 °C / 80°F . Moisture. Freezing. Direct sunlight. Heat.

10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides (CO, CO2).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

 Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)

 LD50 oral rat
 4000 mg/kg





Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个一个
ATE US (oral)	500.0000000 mg/kg bodyweight
Diethylene glycol (111-46-6)	
LD50 oral rat	12565 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	11890 mg/kg
ATE US (oral)	500.0000000 mg/kg bodyweight
2 Bronanal 4 abless about 4 (2.4) (420	
2-Propanol, 1-chloro-, phosphate (3:1) (1367	
LD50 oral rat	930 - 1550 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	1230 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 17.8 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 h)
ATE US (oral)	930.0000000 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE US (dermal)	1230.0000000 mg/kg bodyweight
Bis(2-dimethylaminoethyl) ether (3033-62-3)	
LD50 oral rat	910 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	238 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	117 ppm (Exposure time: 6 h)
ATE US (oral)	910.00000000 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE US (dermal)	238.00000000 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE US (gases)	4500.00000000 ppmv/4h
ATE US (vapours)	11.00000000 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust,mist)	1.50000000 mg/l/4h
1,3-Propanediamine, N,N-bis[3-(dimethylam	
ATE US (dermal)	1100.0000000 mg/kg bodyweight
kin corrosion/irritation	: Causes skin irritation.
	pH: >= 7
erious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye damage.
	pH: >= 7
espiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified
•	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
erm cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
on matagementy	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
areing genicity	: Not classified
arcinogenicity	
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
eproductive toxicity	: Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
pecific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
na sife towart annua toxisit. (namentad	. Not despited
pecific target organ toxicity (repeated xposure)	: Not classified
(poddie)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
spiration hazard	: Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
ymptoms/injuries after inhalation	: Inhalation of mist or aerosol may cause irritation to nose and throat . May cause irritation to the respiratory tract.
ymptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
ymptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
ymptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Can occur: Gastrointestinal disturbance. Tremor. Cardiac disorders. Incoordination, dizziness,
Jingtonioninjuneo unoi ingeonon	headache, nausea, mental confusion slurred speech depending to quantity of ingested materi

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
LC50 fishes 1	41000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss)

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Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)		
EC50 Daphnia 1	46300 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)	
LC50 fish 2	14 - 18 ml/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])	
Diethylene glycol (111-46-6)		
LC50 fishes 1	75200 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])	
EC50 Daphnia 1	84000 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)	
2-Propanol, 1-chloro-, phosphate (3:1)	(13674-84-5)	
LC50 fishes 1	56.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio [static])	
EC50 Daphnia 1	63 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)	
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1	45 mg/l (Exposure time: 72 h - Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus)	
LC50 fish 2	180 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Leuciscus idus [static])	
EC50 other aquatic organisms 2	4 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No additional information available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)		10a 0. 24000 20
Log Pow	-1.93	rod 1921 to see
Diethylene glycol (111-46-6)		
BCF fish 1	100 - 180	
Log Pow	-1.98 (at 25 °C)	
2-Propanol, 1-chloro-, phos	phate (3:1) (13674-84-5)	
BCF fish 1	1.9 - 4.6	
Log Pow	2.59	

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer : No additional information available

Effect on the global warming : No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Product wastes can

often be incinerated in approved facilities. Consult the appropriate authorities about waste

disposal.

Additional information : Do not re-use empty containers. Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Do not cut, grind, drill, weld,

reuse or dispose off containers unless adequate precautions are taken against these hazards. Container Disposal: Steel drums must be emptied and can be sent to a licensed drum reconditioner for reuse, a scrap metal dealer or an approved landfill. Refer to 40 CFR § 261.7 (residues of hazardous waste in empty containers). Decontaminate containers prior to disposal. Recommend crushing, puncturing or other means to prevent unauthorized use of used

containers. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT
Not regulated for transport

Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available.

ADR

Transport document description : No additional information available



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Transport by sea

No additional information available

Air transport

No additional information available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substat Listed on United States SARA Section 313	nces Control Act) inventory
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	Y2 - Y2 - indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule.
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists):	5000 lb
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %

Diethylene glycol (111-46-6)			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory			
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	Y2 - Y2 - indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule.		

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domest	c Sustances List)
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects
Diethylene glycol (111-46-6)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domest	c Sustances List)
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects

EU-Regulations

Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

No additional information available

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]

No additional information available

15.2.2. National regulations

Ethylene glycol (107-21-1)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)

15.3. US State regulations

SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes

- : according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012).
 - 3. Composition/information on ingredients. 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.

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Sources of Key data

: Data sources: SDS - Safety Data Sheet.

Abbreviations and acronyms

: CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service, CSR - Chemical Safety Report, EC - European Community, EEC - European Economic Community, MSDS - Material Safety Data Sheet, PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance, SDS - Safety Data Sheet, STEL- Short-Term Exposure Limit, TLV- Threshold Limit Value, TWA- Time Weighted Average, vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.

Full text of H-phrases; see section 16:

Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2A
Skin Corr. 18	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

HMIS III Rating

Health : 1 Slight Hazard - Irritation or minor reversible injury possible

Flammability : 1 Slight Hazard
Physical : 1 Slight Hazard

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

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